

OSTEOSARCOMA

DR RAJAT GUPTA

ORTHOPAEDIC ONCOLOGIST



www.curebonecancer.com

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OSTEOSARCOMA

- MOST COMMON PRIMARY BONE CANCER OF CHILDREN & ADOLESCENTS
- 2ND MOST COMMON PRIMARY BONE MALIGNANCY
- INCIDENCE OF 1 PER MILLION PER YEAR
- USUALLY PRESENTS IN 2ND DECADE
- CHARACTERISED BY PRESENCE OF MALIGNANT OSTEOID



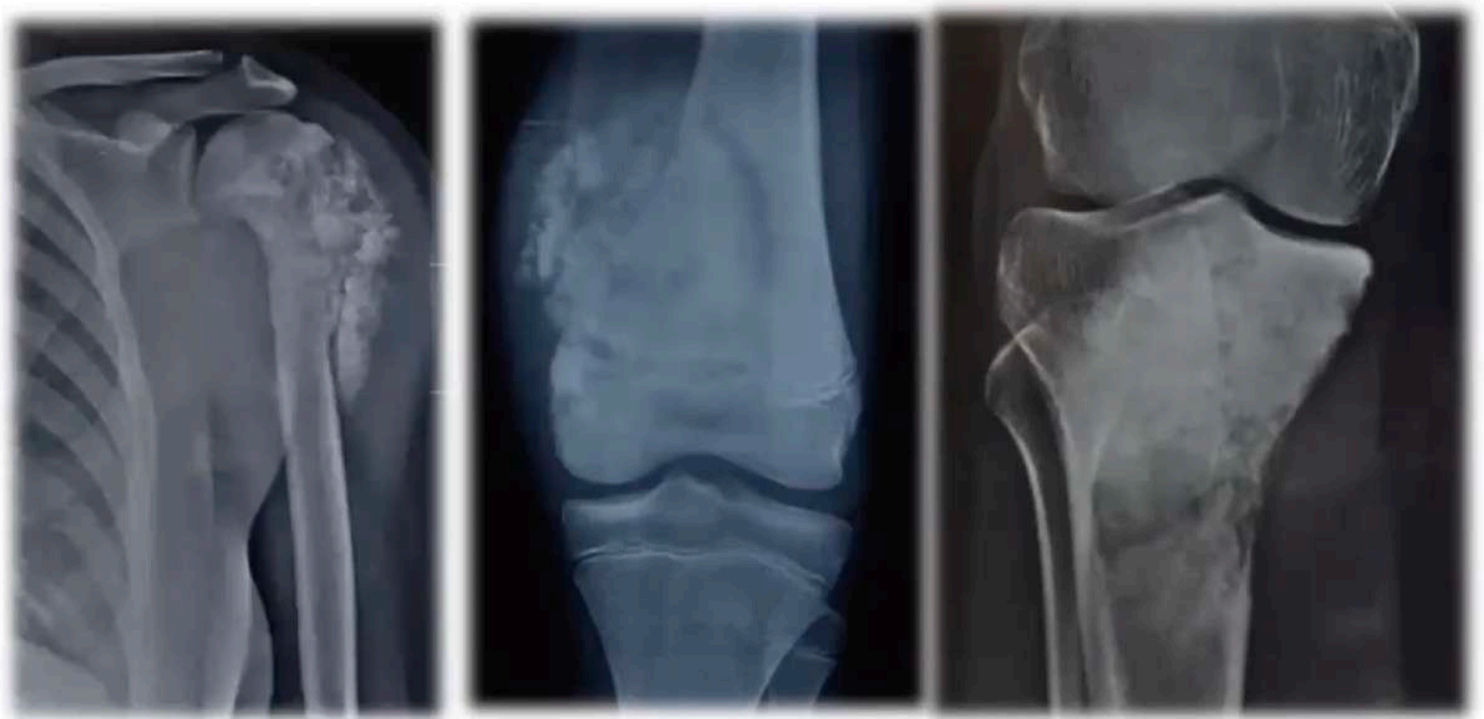
OSTEOSARCOMA

- CAN PRESENT IN ANY AGE
- HIGHER PREDISPOSITION IN PATIENTS WITH
 - HEREDITARY RETINOBLASTOMA
 - LI FRAUMENI SYNDROME
 - ROTHMUND THOMSON SYNDROME



OSTEOSARCOMA

COMMONLY SEEN
AROUND KNEE
AND
PROXIMAL HUMERUS



OSTEOSARCOMA



CAN AFFECT ANY BONE

RADIOLOGICAL EVALUATION



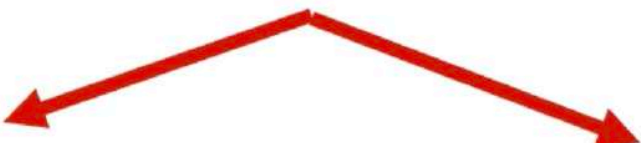
- AGE *SKELETALLY IMMATURE*
- LOCATION OF TUMOUR *METAPHYSEAL*
- TYPE OF LESION *PERMEATIVE LYTIC
SCLEROTIC*
- MATRIX OF LESION *BONE FORMING
/SCLEROTIC*
- ZONE OF TRANSITION *WIDE*
- TYPE OF PERIOSTEAL REACTION *CODMAN'S + SUNBURST*
- SOFT TISSUE COMPONENT *YES*

OSTEOSARCOMA



CAN BE DIAPHYSEAL IN 7-9 % OF PATIENTS

OSTEOSARCOMA



PRIMARY

- CONVENTIONAL
- TELANGIECTATIC
- SMALL CELL
- HIGH GRADE SURFACE
- PERIOSTEAL
- LOW GRADE
INTRA MEDULLARY
- PAROSTEAL

SECONDARY

- PAGET'S
- RADIATION
INDUCED
- BONE INFARCT
- CHRONIC
OSTEOMYELITIS
- FIBROUS
DYSPLASIA

OSTEOSARCOMA



PRIMARY

- CONVENTIONAL



✓ OSTEOBLASTIC

OSTEOSARCOMA



PRIMARY

- CONVENTIONAL

NO DIFFERENCE
IN PROGNOSIS

✓ OSTEOLASTIC

✓ CHONDROBLASTIC

✓ FIBROBLASTIC

✓ HIGH GRADE

✓ INTRAMEDULLARY

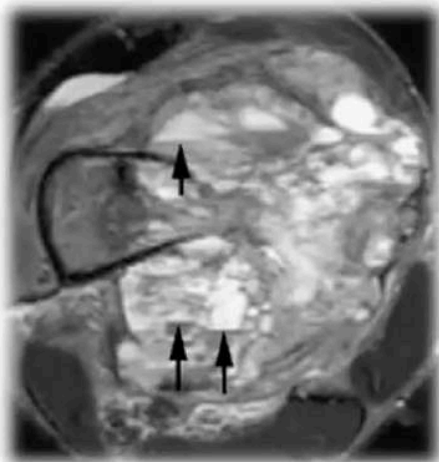
CHONDROBLASTIC OGS

RESPONDS LESSER TO CHEMOTHERAPY

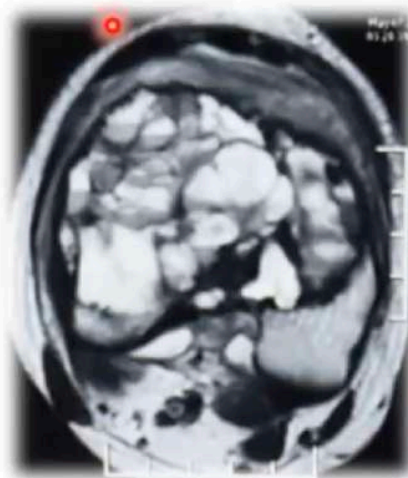
OSTEOSARCOMA

PRIMARY

○ TELANGIECTATIC



OGS



ABC

- ✓ 3-10% of all Osteosarcomas
- ✓ Fluid levels on MRI
- ✓ Closest differential : ABC

OSTEOSARCOMA



PRIMARY

- SMALL CELL

✓ HIGH GRADE

✓ MIMICS 'EWING'S SARCOMA' ON
HISTOLOGY – (ROUND BLUE
CELLS)



OSTEOSARCOMA



PRIMARY

- LOW GRADE
INTRAMEDULLARY



✓ LOW GRADE

✓ INDOLENT COURSE

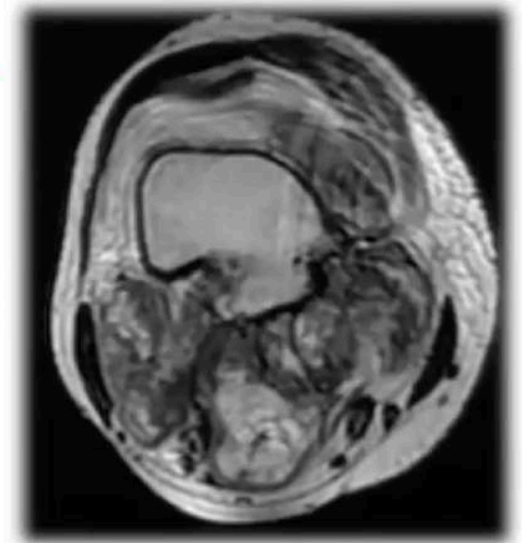
✓ CAN MIMIC FIBROUS
DYSPLASIA

✓ MDM2 & CDK4 HELPS TO
DIFFERENTIATE

OSTEOSARCOMA

PRIMARY

○ PAROSTEAL



- ✓ LOW GRADE
- ✓ FEMALE PREPONDERANCE
- ✓ NO ROLE OF CHEMOTHERAPY
- ✓ MIDDLE AGE
- ✓ POSTERIOR ASPECT DISTAL FEMUR

OSTEOSARCOMA



SECONDARY

- Elderly Population



OSTEOSARCOMA



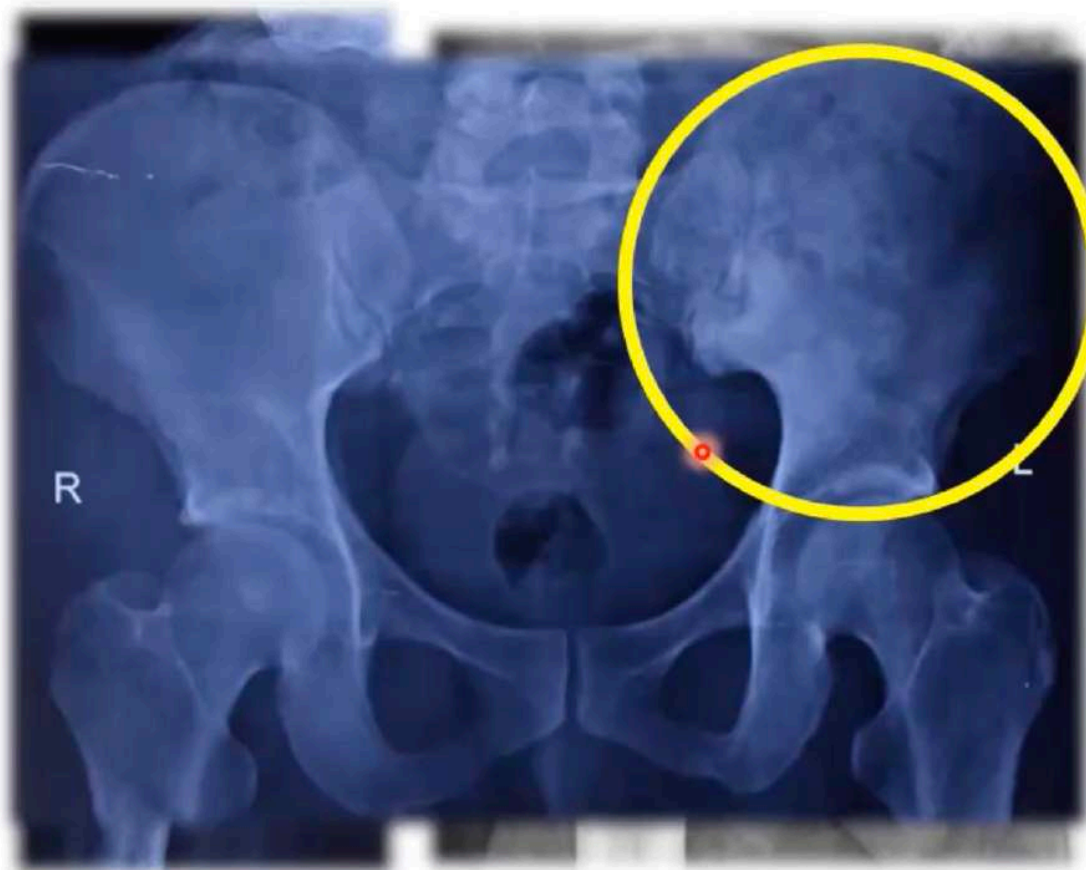
SECONDARY

- Elderly Population
- Commonly due to Paget's Disease



OSTEOSARCOMA

SECONDARY



- Elderly Population
- Commonly due to Paget's Disease
- Post Radiation
- Worse prognosis than conventional osteosarcoma

RADIATION-INDUCED SARCOMA OF BONE

MYRON ARLEN, MD, NORMAN L. HIGINBOTHAM, MD, ANDREW G. HUVOS, MD,
RALPH C. MARCOVE, MD, THEODORE MILLER, MD, AND I. C. SHAH, MD

Cancer 1971;28:1087-99

- **MICROSCOPIC/ RADIOLOGIC EVIDENCE OF NON MALIGNANCY / MALIGNANCY OF DIFFERENT HISTOLOGY BEFORE RADIATION**
- **SARCOMA DEVELOPING IN THE PATH OF RADIATION BEAM**
- **LONG ASYMPTOMATIC PERIOD BETWEEN RT AND DIAGNOSIS OF SECONDARY SARCOMA**
- **HISTOLOGICAL PROOF OF DIAGNOSIS OF SECONDARY SARCOMA**

OSTEOSARCOMA

PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

- ✓ STAGE OF TUMOUR
- ✓ GRADE OF TUMOUR
- ✓ SIZE OF TUMOUR
- ✓ LOCATION OF TUMOUR
- ✓ PRESENCE OF PATHOLOGICAL FRACTURE
- ✓ RESPONSE TO CHEMOTHERAPY
- ✓ MARGINS OF RESECTED SPECIMEN
- ✓ **SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE LEVELS**

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

✓ STAGE OF TUMOUR

Metastatic disease at presentation – worse prognosis



Bone metastasis has worse prognosis than lung metastasis

OSTEOSARCOMA

PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

✓ **GRADE OF TUMOUR**

Higher the grade – worse is the prognosis



OSTEOSARCOMA

PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

More the tumour volume – worse is the prognosis

✓ **SIZE OF TUMOUR**



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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

Tumour in axial skeleton has worse prognosis than appendicular skeleton



✓ LOCATION OF TUMOUR

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

Pathological fracture at presentation carries worse prognosis than patients without fracture.

✓ **PRESENCE OF PATHOLOGICAL FRACTURE**

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

Tumour progressing on chemotherapy
or having poor response to
chemotherapy has a worse prognosis

✓ **RESPONSE TO CHEMOTHERAPY**

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

HUVOS GRADING

POOR	{	GRADE 1 : LITTLE OR NO EVIDENCE OF NECROSIS	>50% VIABLE CELLS
		GRADE 2 : NECROSIS OF 50%-90%	10-50% VIABLE CELLS
GOOD	{	GRADE 3 : NECROSIS OF 90%-99%	1-10% VIABLE CELLS
		GRADE 4 : NECROSIS OF 100%	NO VIABLE CELLS

✓ **RESPONSE TO CHEMOTHERAPY**

OSTEOSARCOMA

PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

PICCI GRADING

GRADE 1 : MACROSCOPIC VIABLE TUMOUR

GRADE 2 : MICROSCOPIC VIABLE TUMOUR

GOOD { GRADE 3 : NO VIABLE TUMOUR

✓ **RESPONSE TO CHEMOTHERAPY**

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

POSITIVE MARGINS HAVE WORSE
PROGNOSIS

✓ **MARGINS OF RESECTED SPECIMEN**

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PROGNOSTIC FACTORS

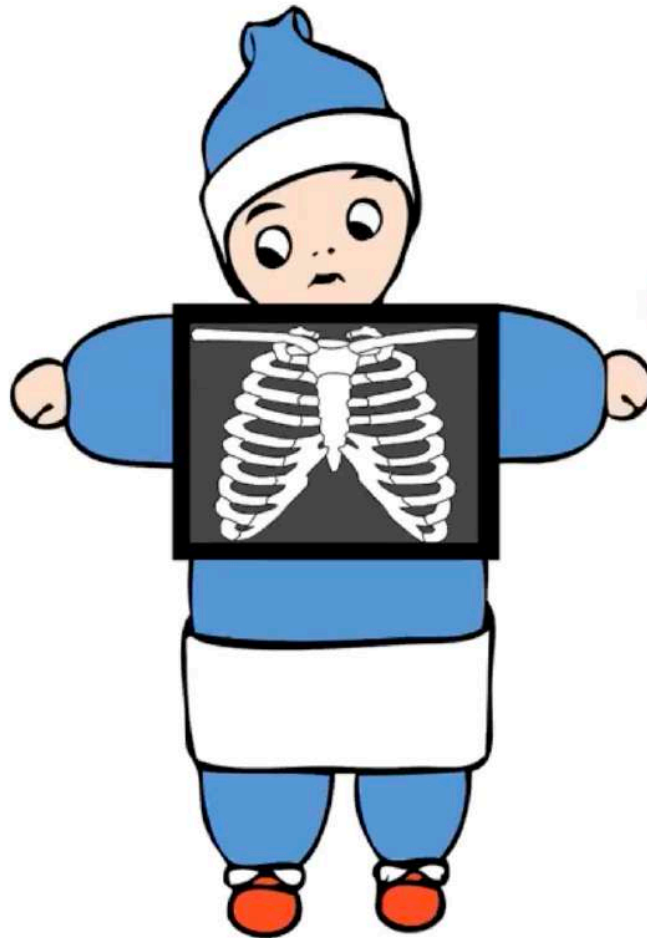
HIGHER LEVELS ASSOCIATED WITH
WORSE PROGNOSIS



✓ **SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE LEVELS**

OSTEOSARCOMA

X-RAY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

- EXTENT OF BONY DESTRUCTION

X-RAY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

EXTENT OF THE LESION

INVOLVEMENT OF
SURROUNDING MUSCLE ETC

PLANNING BIOPSY /
SURGERY



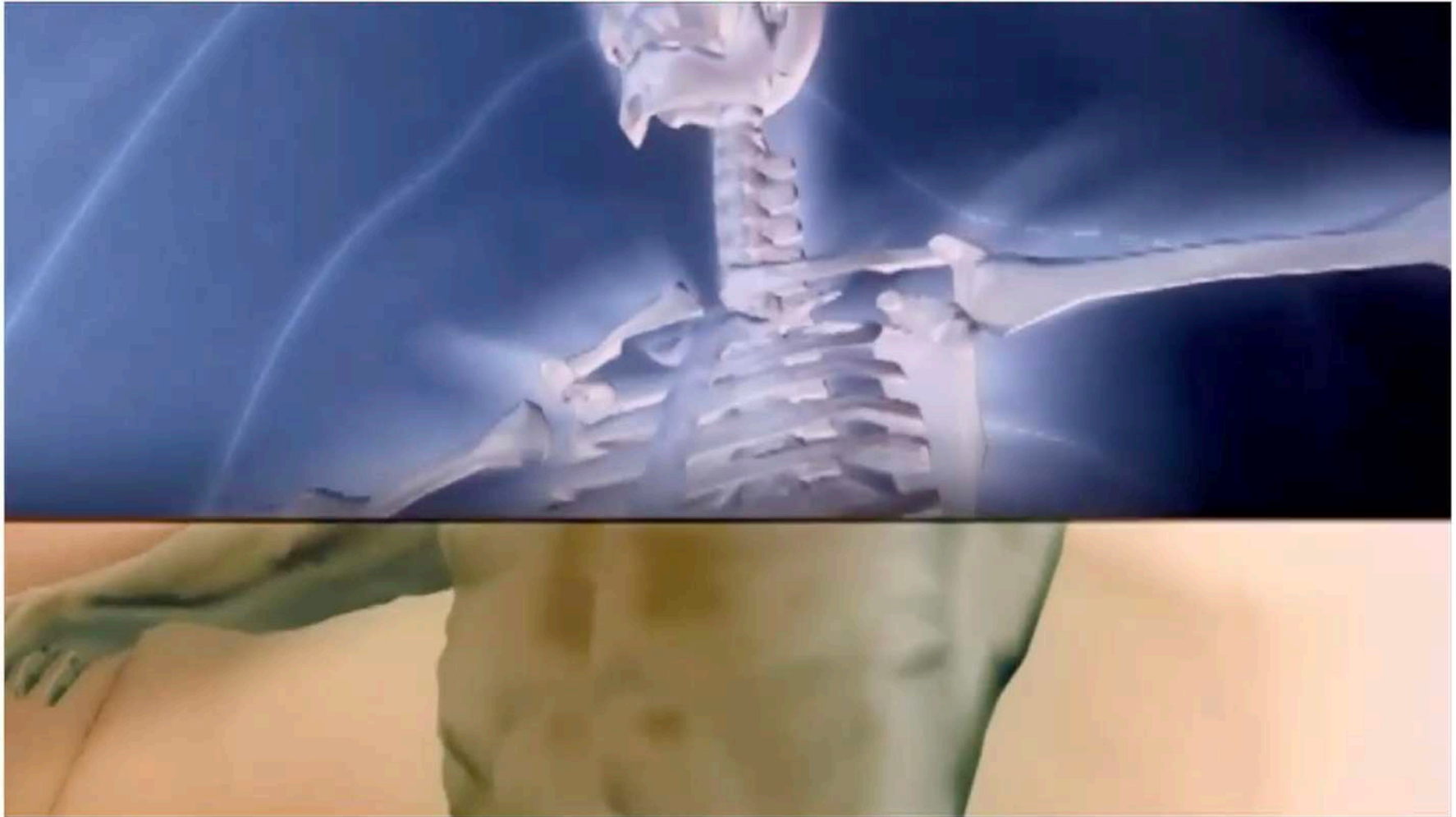
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CANCER CLINIC

**TARGET
ORTHO**

(C) www.targetortho.com

OSTEOSARCOMA

PET CT



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

TARGET
ORTHO

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PET CT

TO LOOK FOR DISEASE
ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE BODY

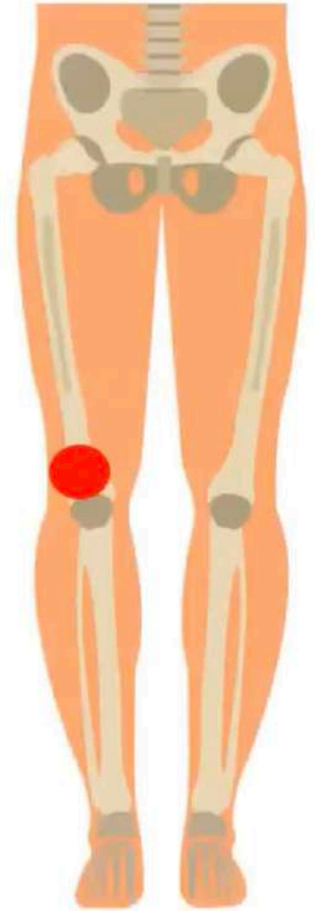
ASSESSMENT OF RESPONSE TO
TREATMENT



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

BIOPSY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

PET CT

TO LOOK FOR DISEASE
ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE BODY

ASSESSMENT OF RESPONSE TO
TREATMENT



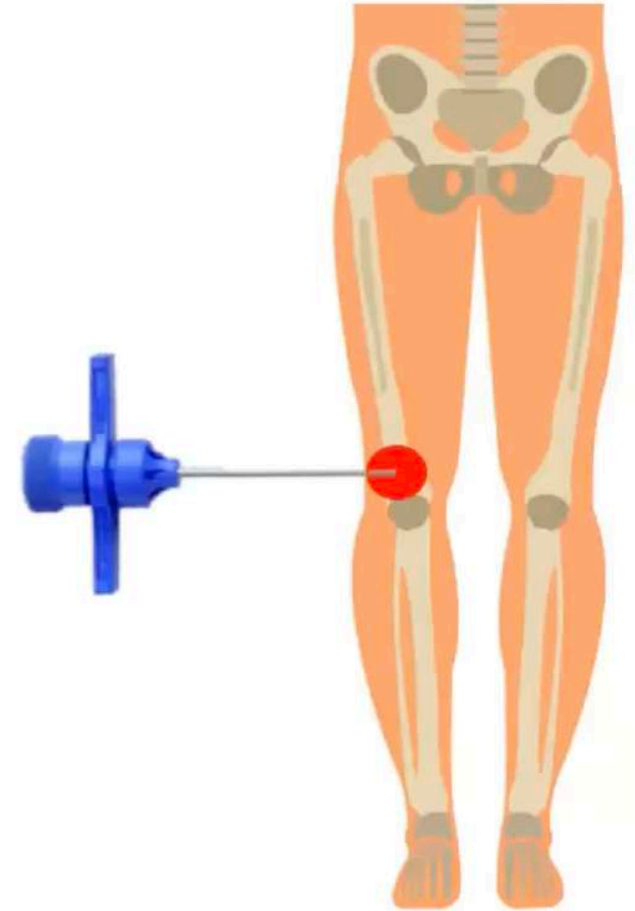
BONE
CANCER CLINIC

**TARGET
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BIOPSY



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CANCER CLINIC

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TREATMENT PLAN



NEOADJUVANT

2-3 CYCLES



LIMB
SALVAGE



ADJUVANT

3-4 CYCLES

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TREATMENT PLAN



LIMB
SALVAGE

Parosteal osteosarcoma

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CHEMOTHERAPY

ADRIAMYCIN

75mg/m² over 3 days

CISPLATIN

100mg/m² over 2 days

METHOTREXATE

12gm/m² over 4 hours

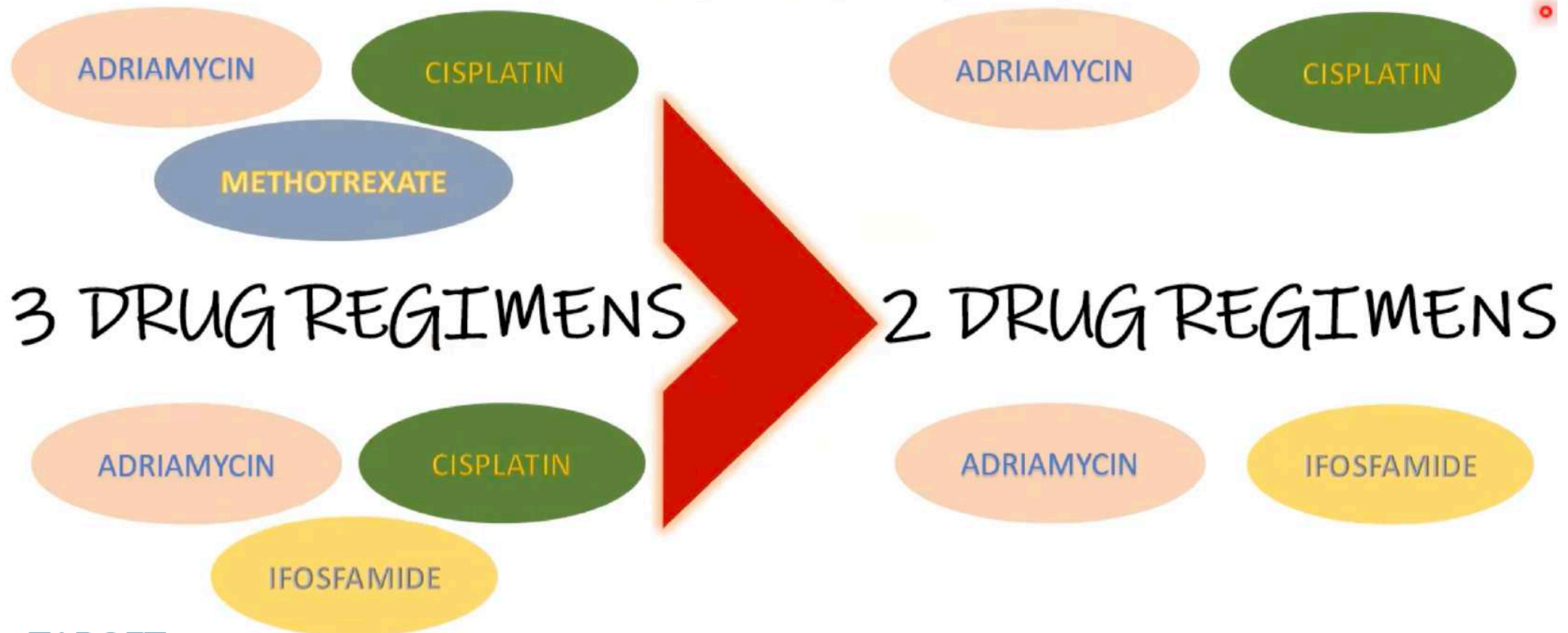
IFOSFAMIDE

9gm/m² over 5 days

DRUGS

OSTEOSARCOMA

CHEMOTHERAPY



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MAP PROTOCOL

Day 1-3 Adriamycin

Day 1-2 Cisplatin

Day 21 High dose Methotrexate

Day 28 High dose Methotrexate

Day 35 Next cycle



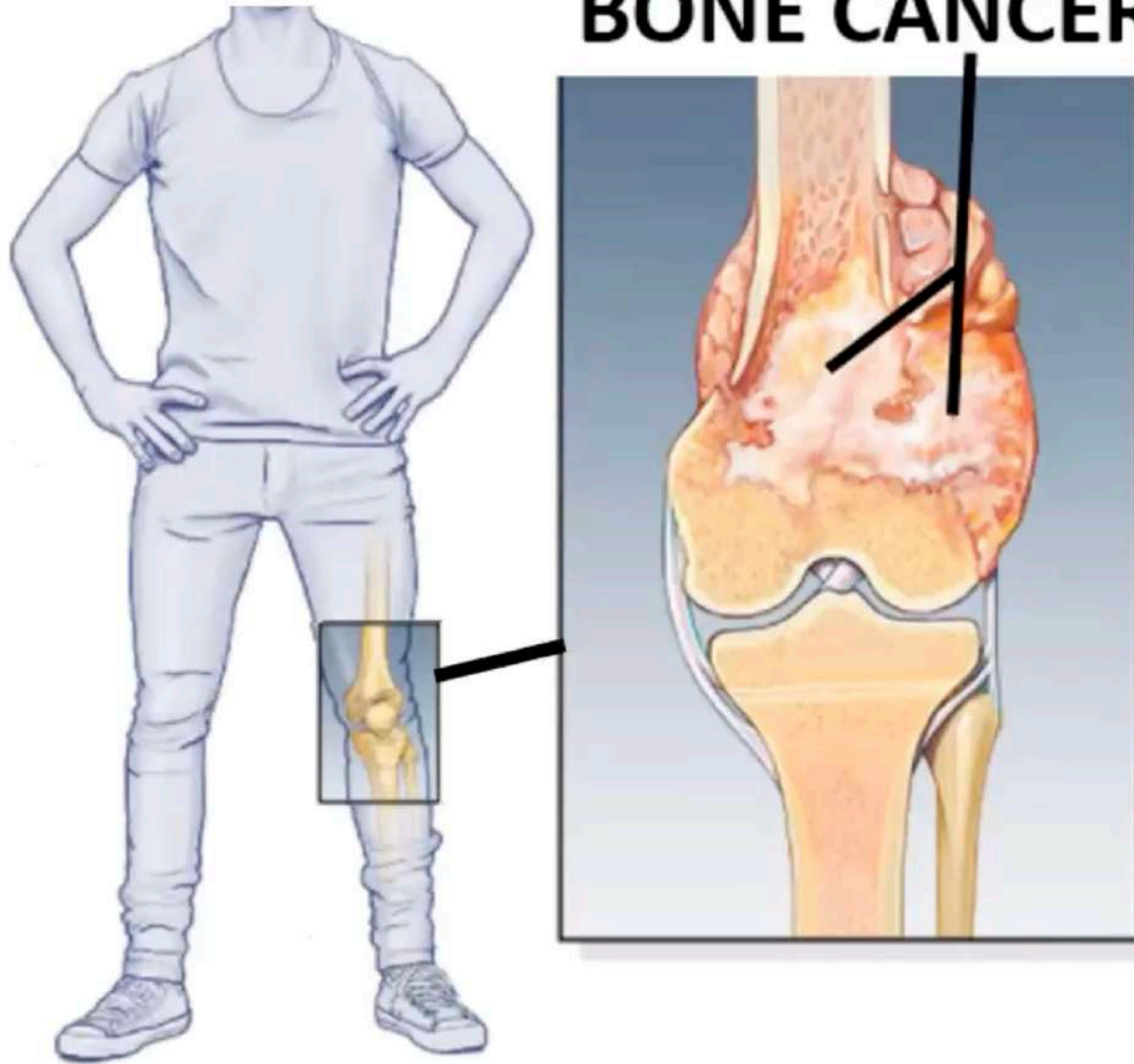
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SURGERY ??



BONE CANCER



.....Today's
era

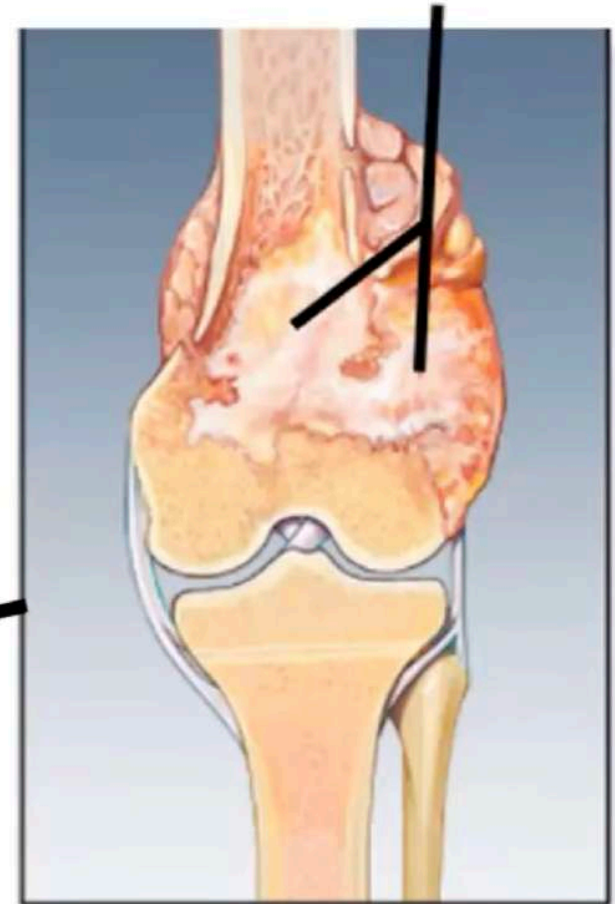


.....Today's
era

LIUMB
SALVAGE
SURGERY



BONE CANCER



OSTEOSARCOMA

Barriers to Limb Salvage

- *POORLY PLACED BIOPSY INCISIONS*
- *MAJOR VASCULAR INVOLVEMENT*
- *ENCASEMENT OF A MAJOR MOTOR NERVE*
- *PATHOLOGICAL FRACTURE OF THE INVOLVED BONE*

These adverse factors should not be viewed as absolute contraindications.

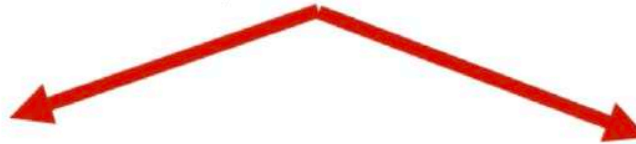
3 STRIKE RULE OF LIMB SALVAGE

- Bone
- Nerve
- Vessel
- Soft tissue envelope

**IF THREE OF THESE KEY COMPONENTS ARE INVOLVED,
LIMB SALVAGE IS PROBABLY NOT WORTH
CONSIDERING.**

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RECONSTRUCTION OPTIONS



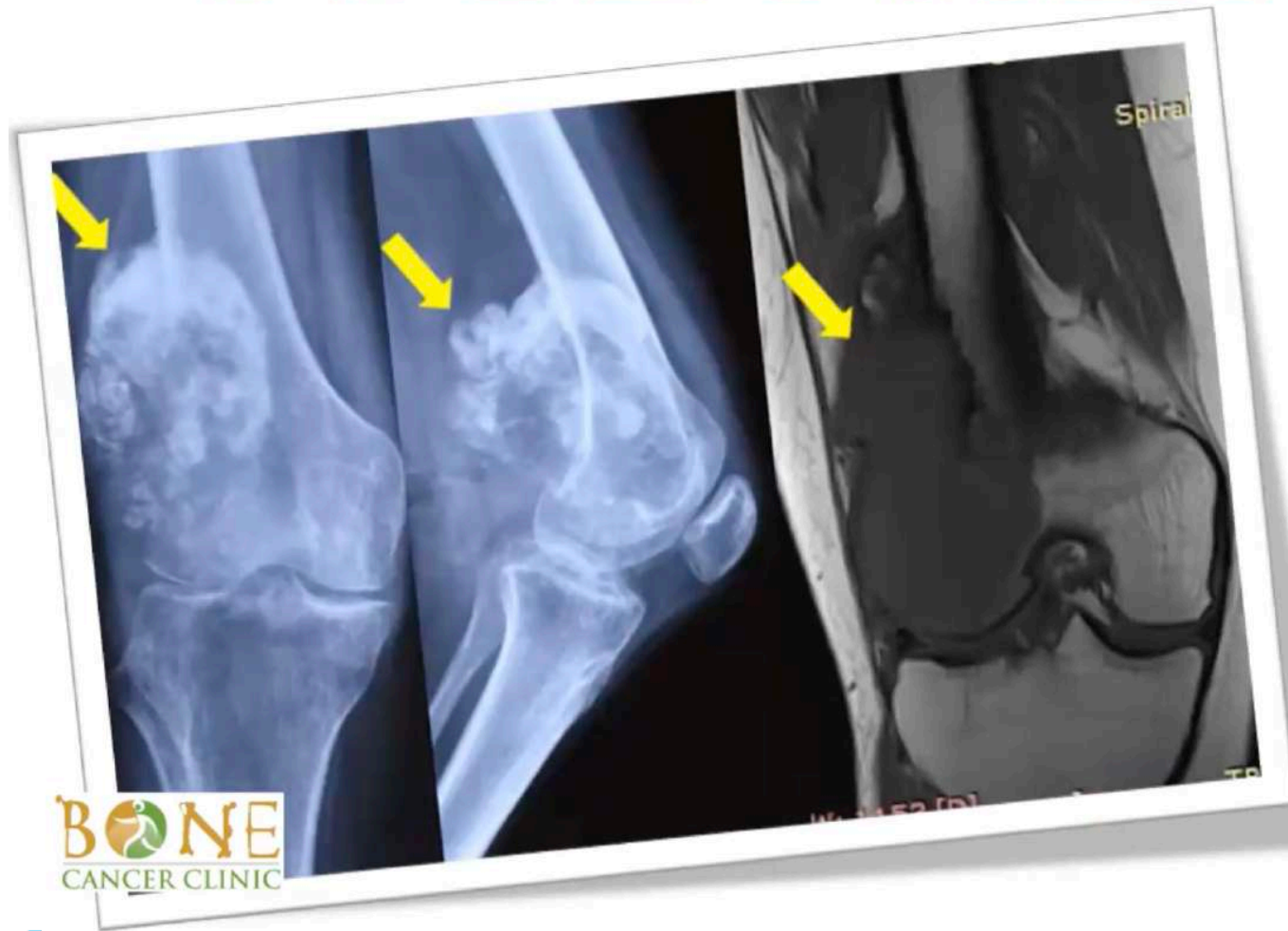
NON BIOLOGICAL

- MEGAPROSTHESIS
- NAIL CEMENT
SPACER

BIOLOGICAL

- ALLOGRAFT
- AUTOGRAFT
- ❖ ECRT
- ❖ CRYOTHERAPY
- ROTATIONPLASTY
- CANADELL'S
PROCEDURE

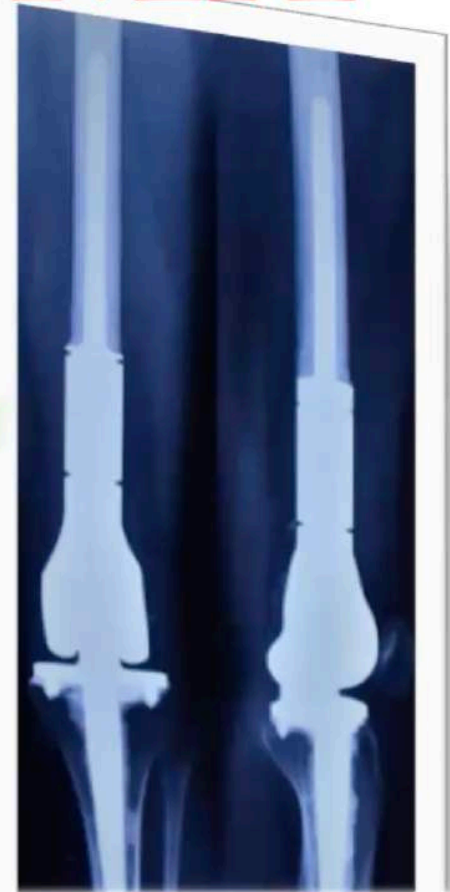
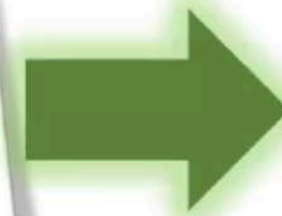
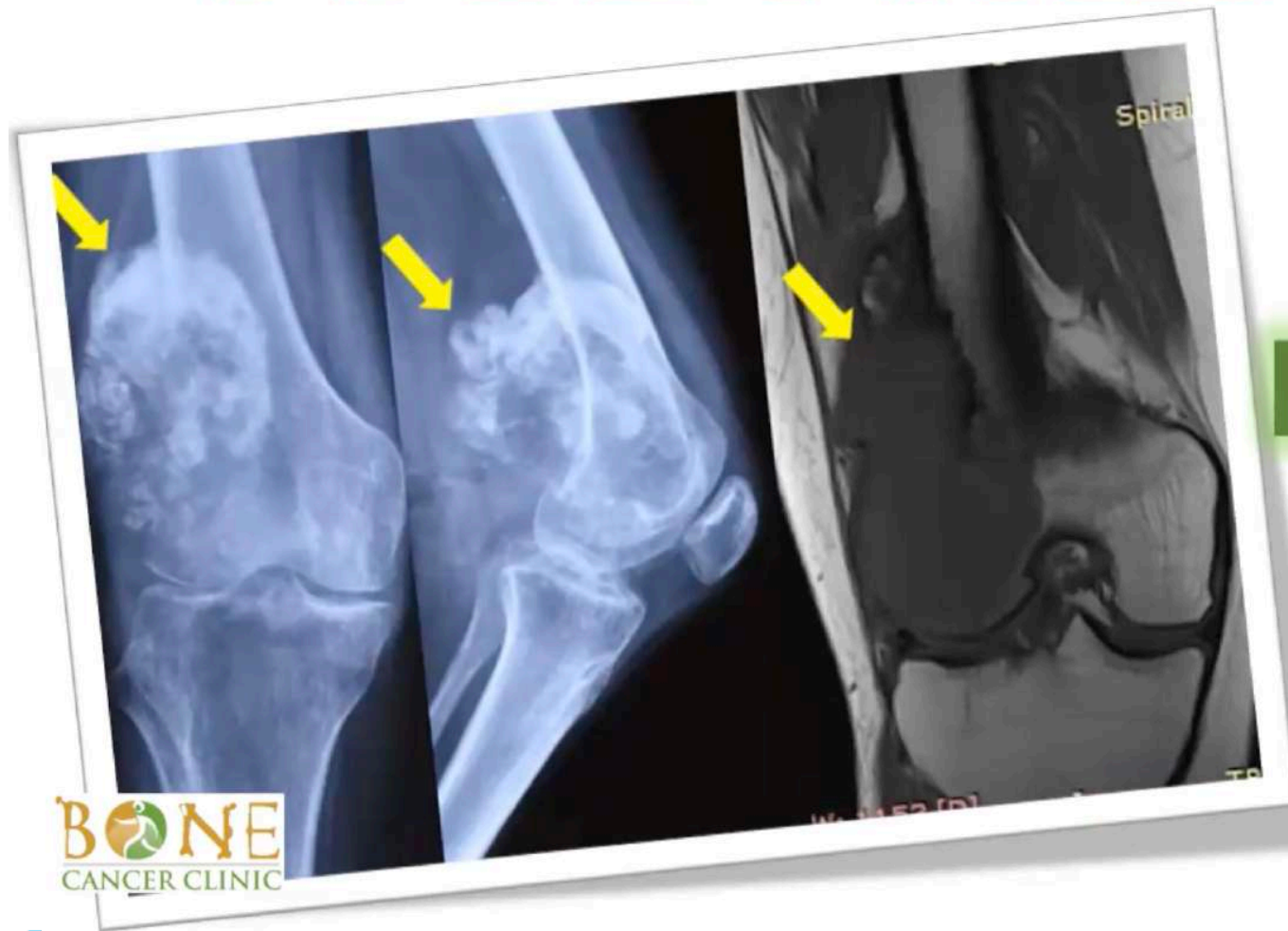
OSTEOSARCOMA



25 YEAR LADY
OSTEOSARCOMA
THIGH BONE

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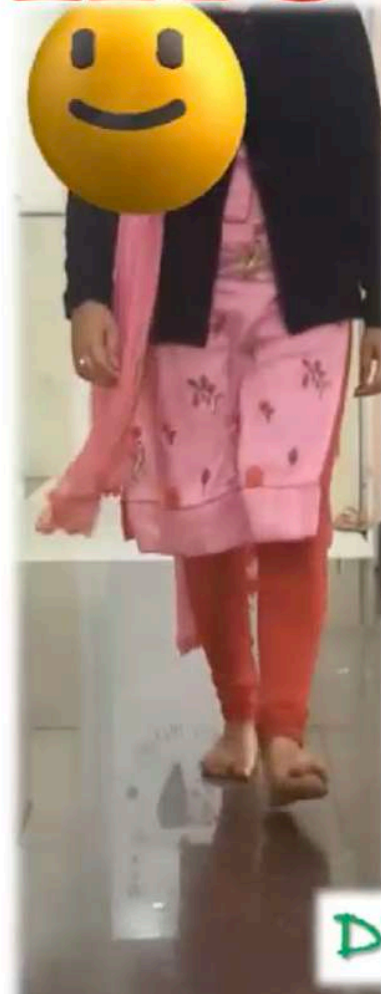
OSTEOSARCOMA



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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

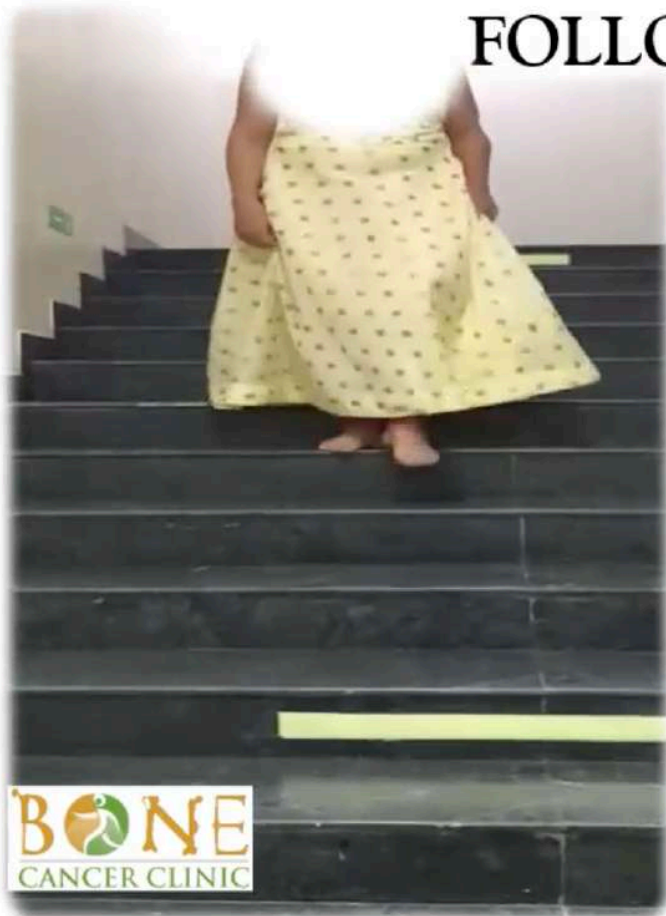
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OSTEOSARCOMA

FOLLOW UP AT 1 YEAR



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OSTEOSARCOMA

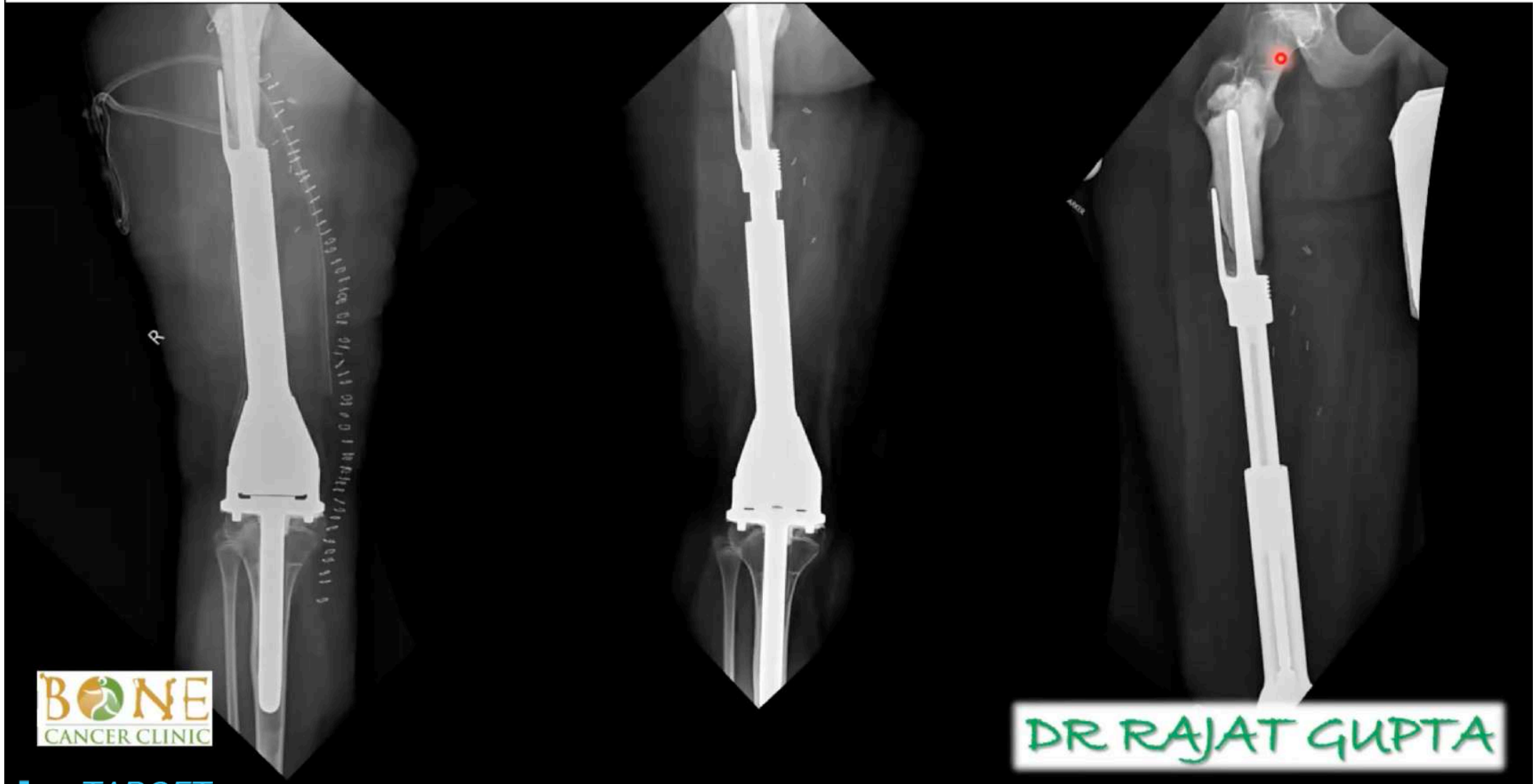
FOLLOW UP AT 9 MONTHS



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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

EXPANDABLE MEGAPROSTHESIS



NAIL CEMENT SPACER



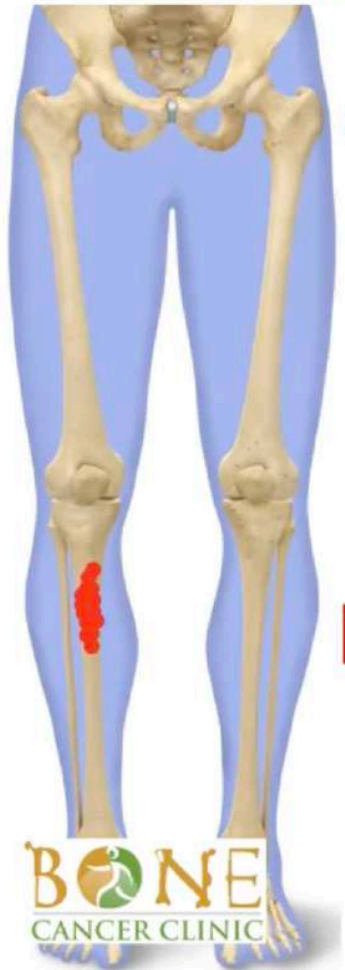
BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

OSTEOSARCOMA

E_{XTRA} **C**_{ORPOREAL} **R**_{ADIATION} **T**_{HERAPY}

ECRT TECHNIQUE



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OSTEOSARCOMA



16 YEAR BOY
OSTEOSARCOMA
SHIN BONE

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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

FOLLOW UP AT 2 YEAR



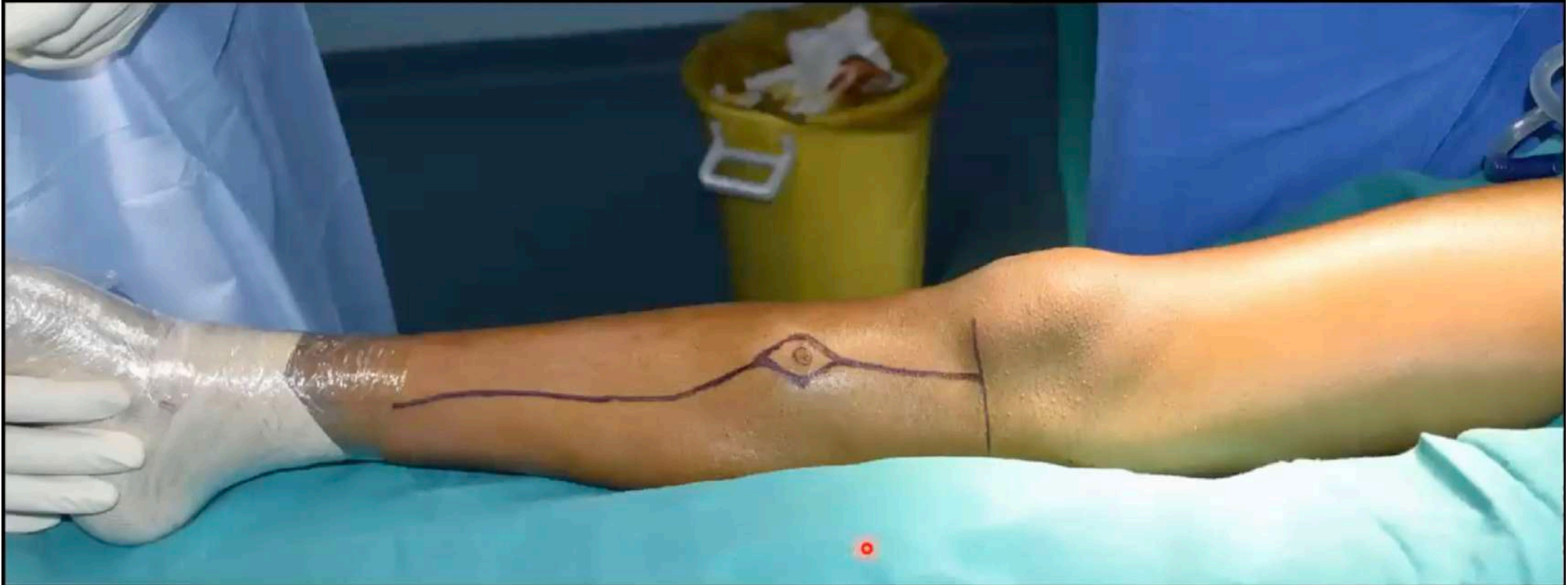
ECRT



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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

INCISION

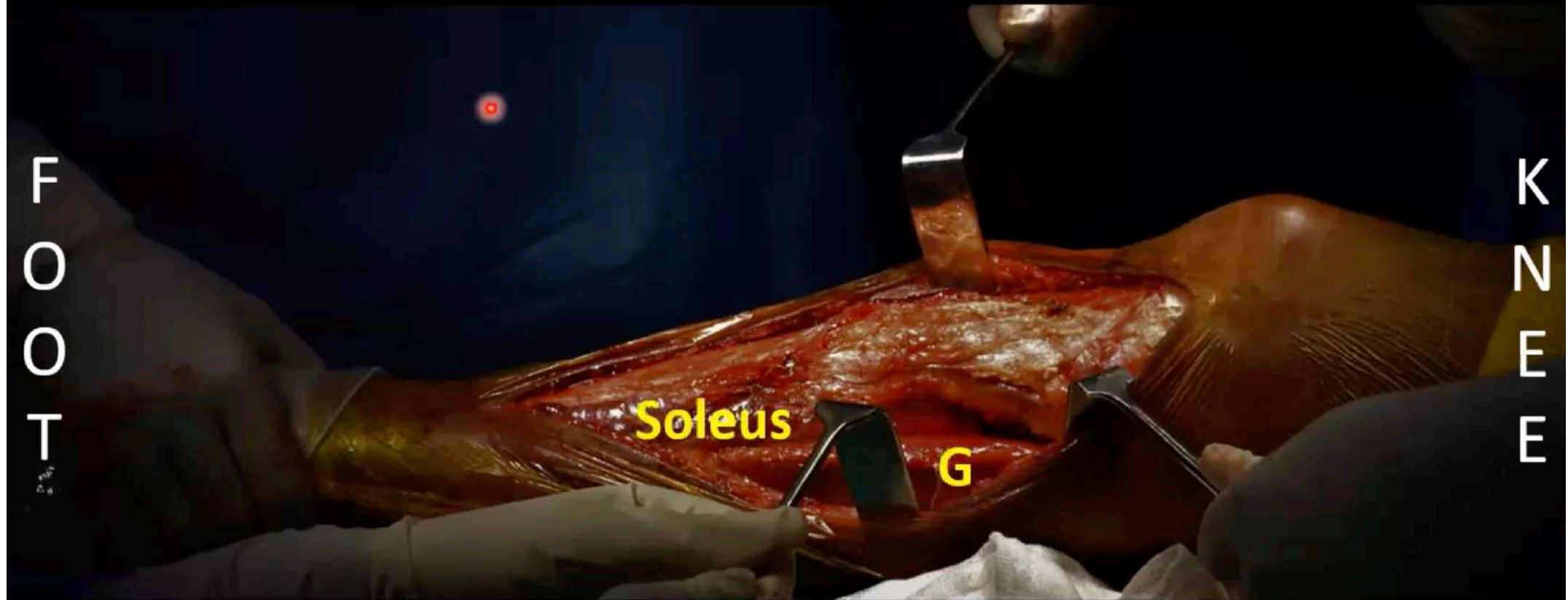


ECRT

DR RAJAT GUPTA

BONE
CANCER CLINIC

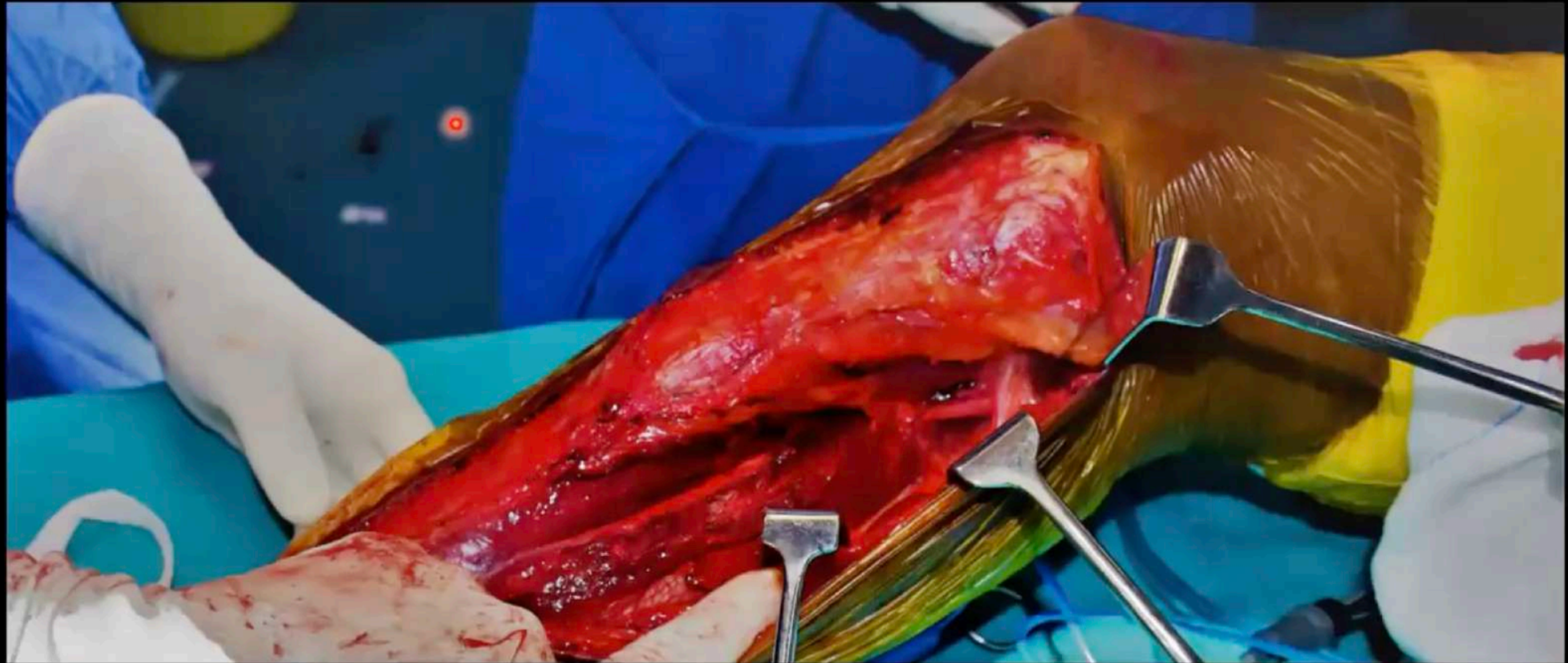
INITIAL EXPOSURE



ECRT

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EXPOSURE

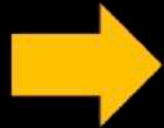


ECRT

DR RAJAT GUPTA

ANTERIOR VIEW

POSTERIOR VIEW



RESECTED
SPECIMEN

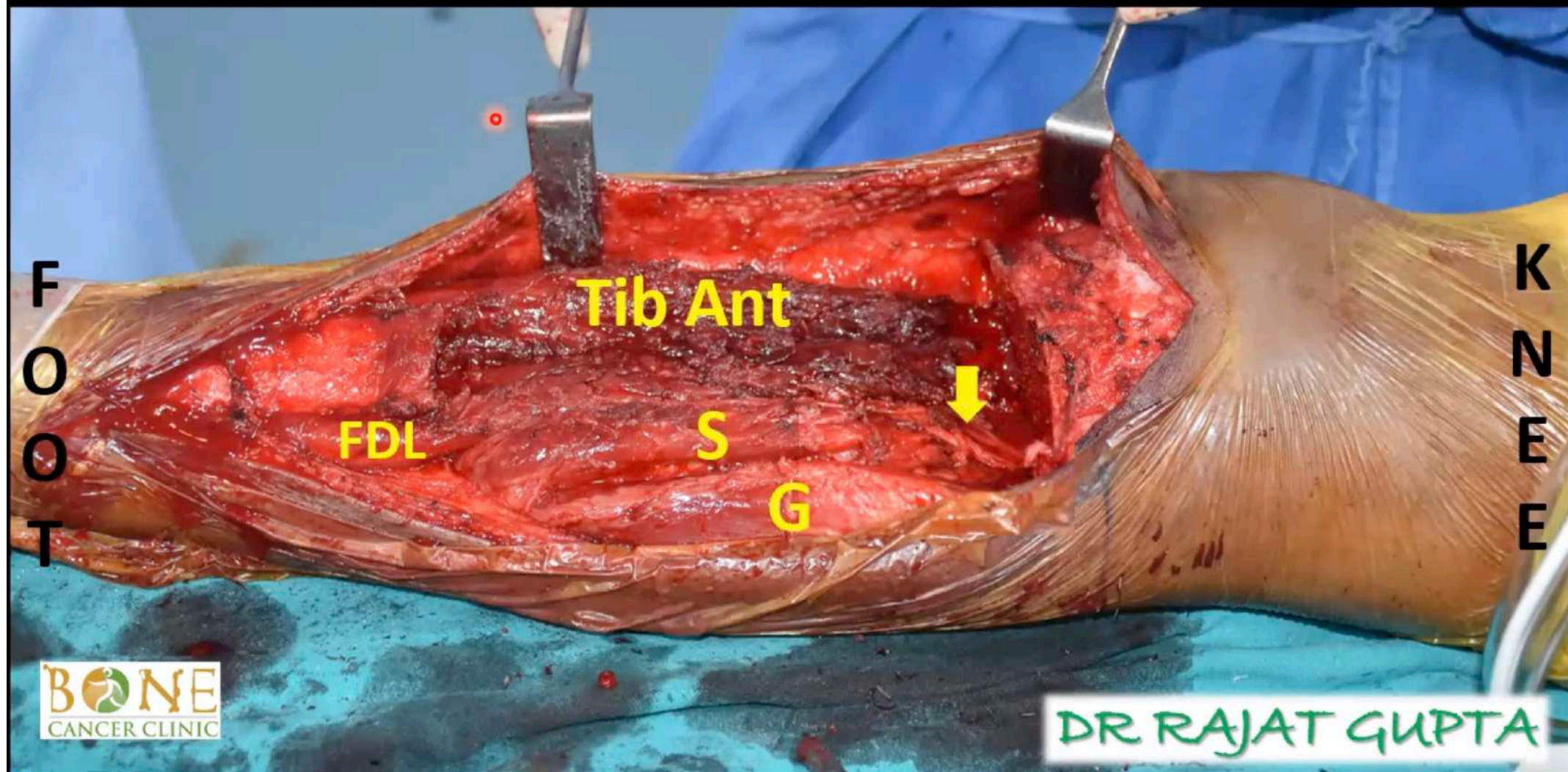
ECRT



DR RAJAT GUPTA



TUMOUR BED



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

ANTERIOR VIEW

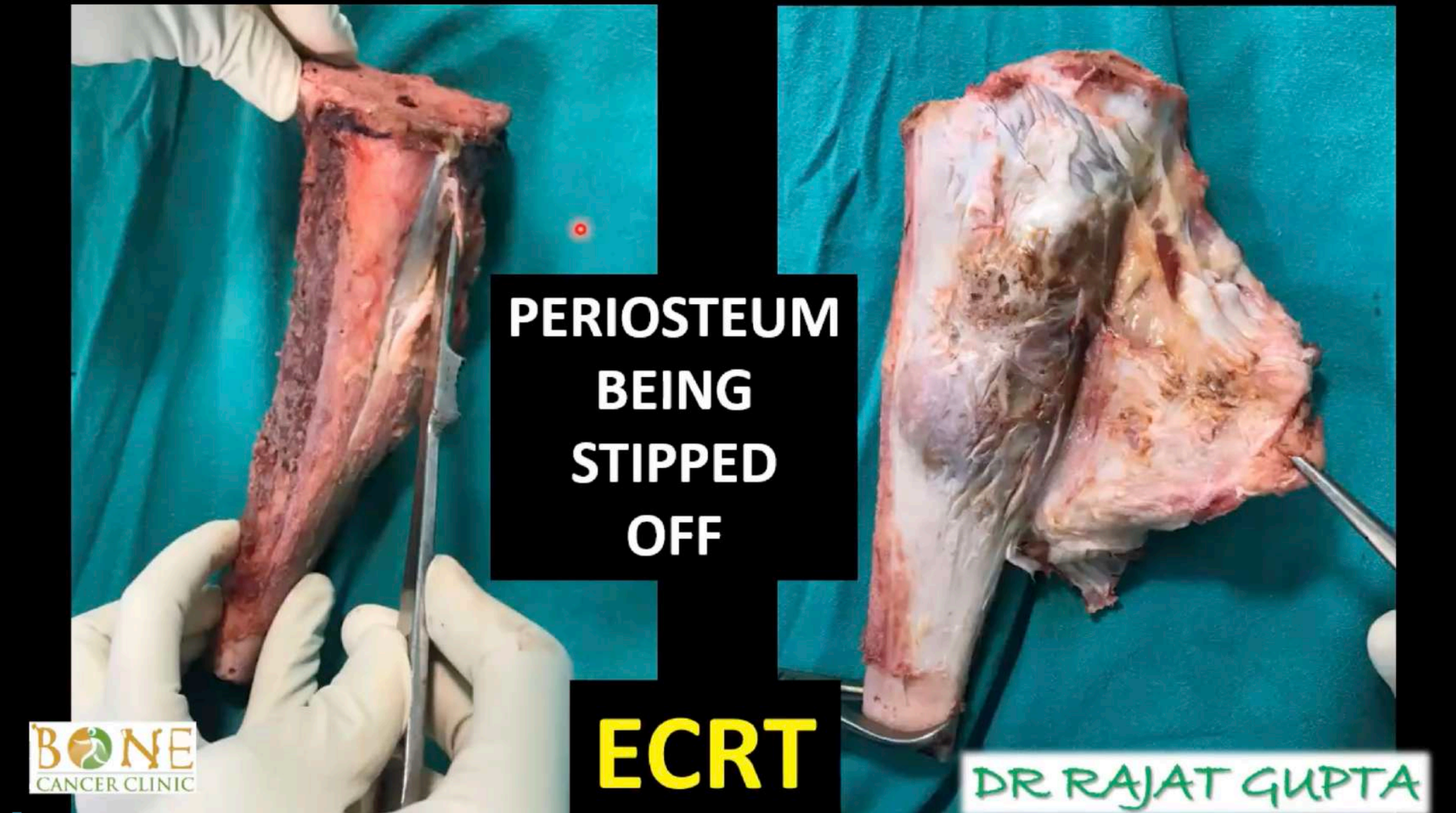
POSTERIOR VIEW



SPECIMEN
AFTER
ECRT



DR RAJAT GUPTA



The image consists of two side-by-side photographs. The left photograph shows a gloved hand holding a long bone specimen while another gloved hand uses a surgical instrument to strip the periosteum. The right photograph shows the same bone specimen after the periosteum has been removed, revealing the underlying bone structure. The background is a teal surgical drape.

**PERIOSTEUM
BEING
STRIPPED
OFF**

ECRT

BONE
CANCER CLINIC

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CEMENTING OF CANAL

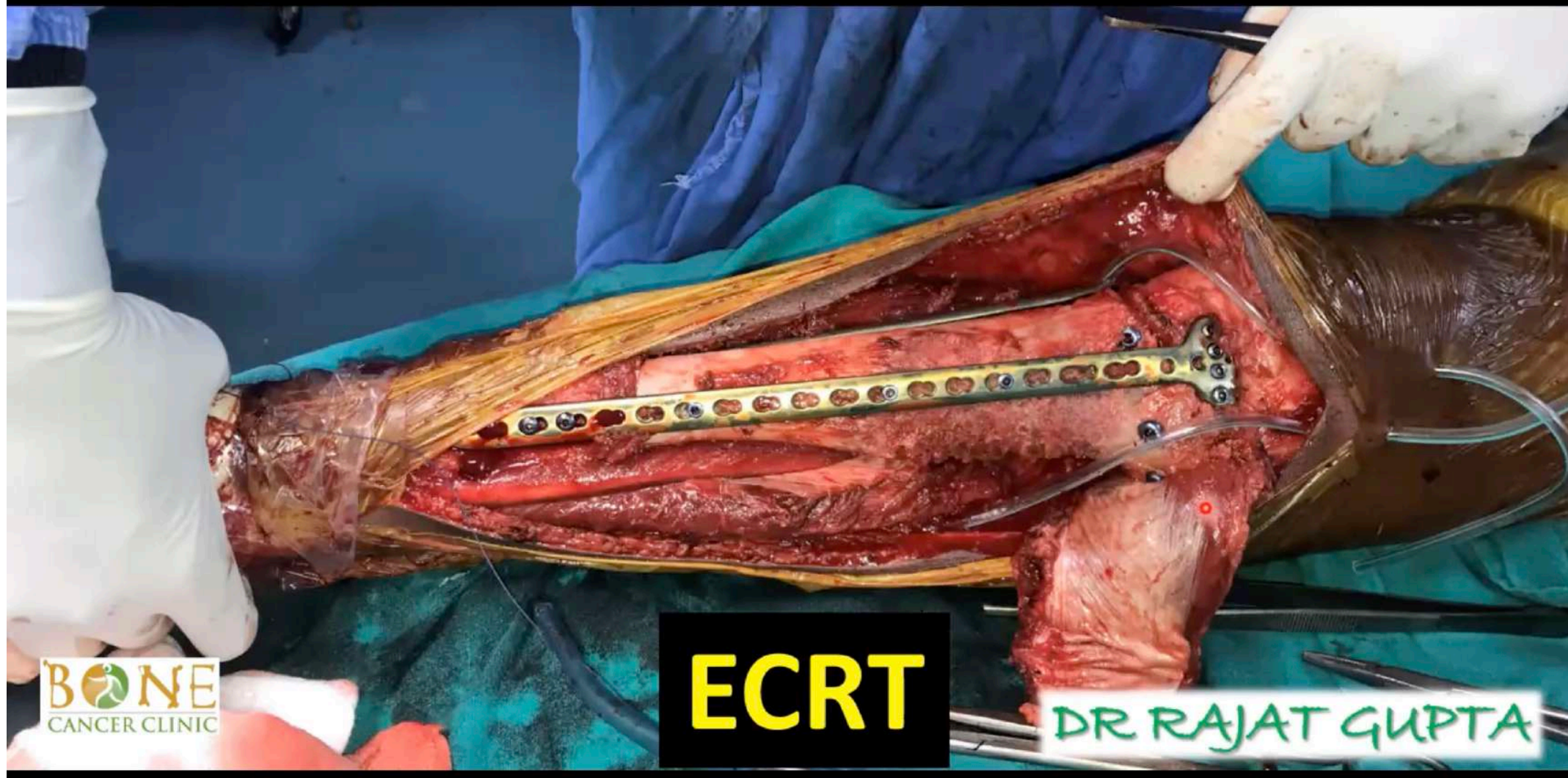


BONE
CANCER CLINIC

ECRT

DR RAJAT GUPTA

FINAL CONSTRUCT



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

ECRT

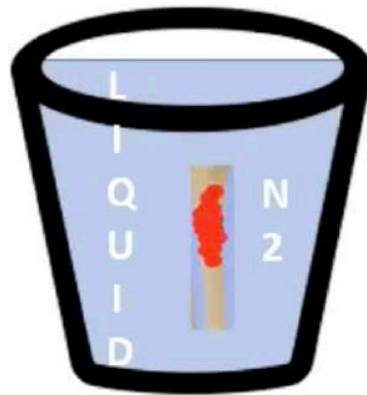
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CRYOTHERAPY TECHNIQUE



LIMB SALVAGE SURGERY ?

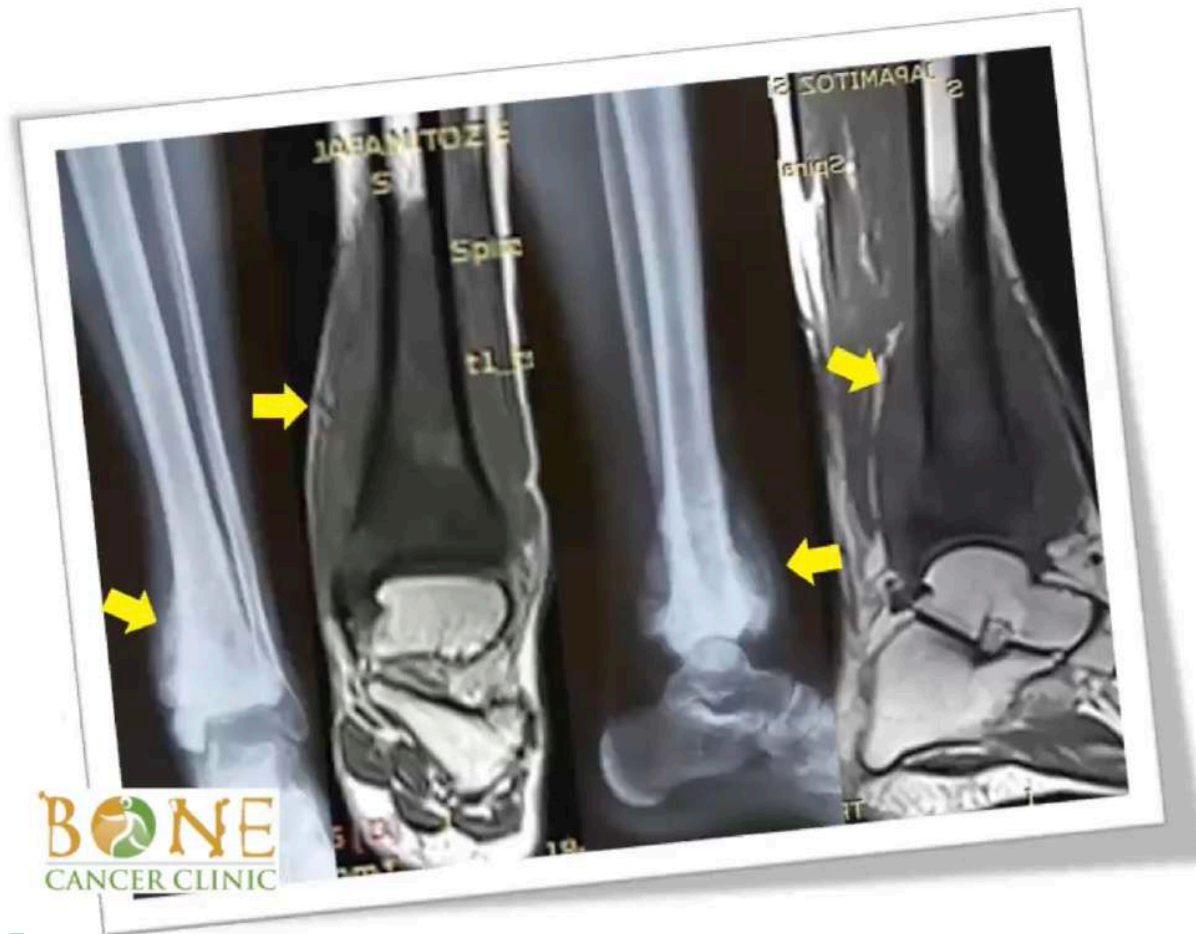


Liquid Nitrogen
- 196 C

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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA



18 YEAR BOY
OSTEOSARCOMA
ANKLE BONE

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BONE
CANCER CLINIC

OSTEOSARCOMA

FOLLOW UP
AT 1.5 YEAR

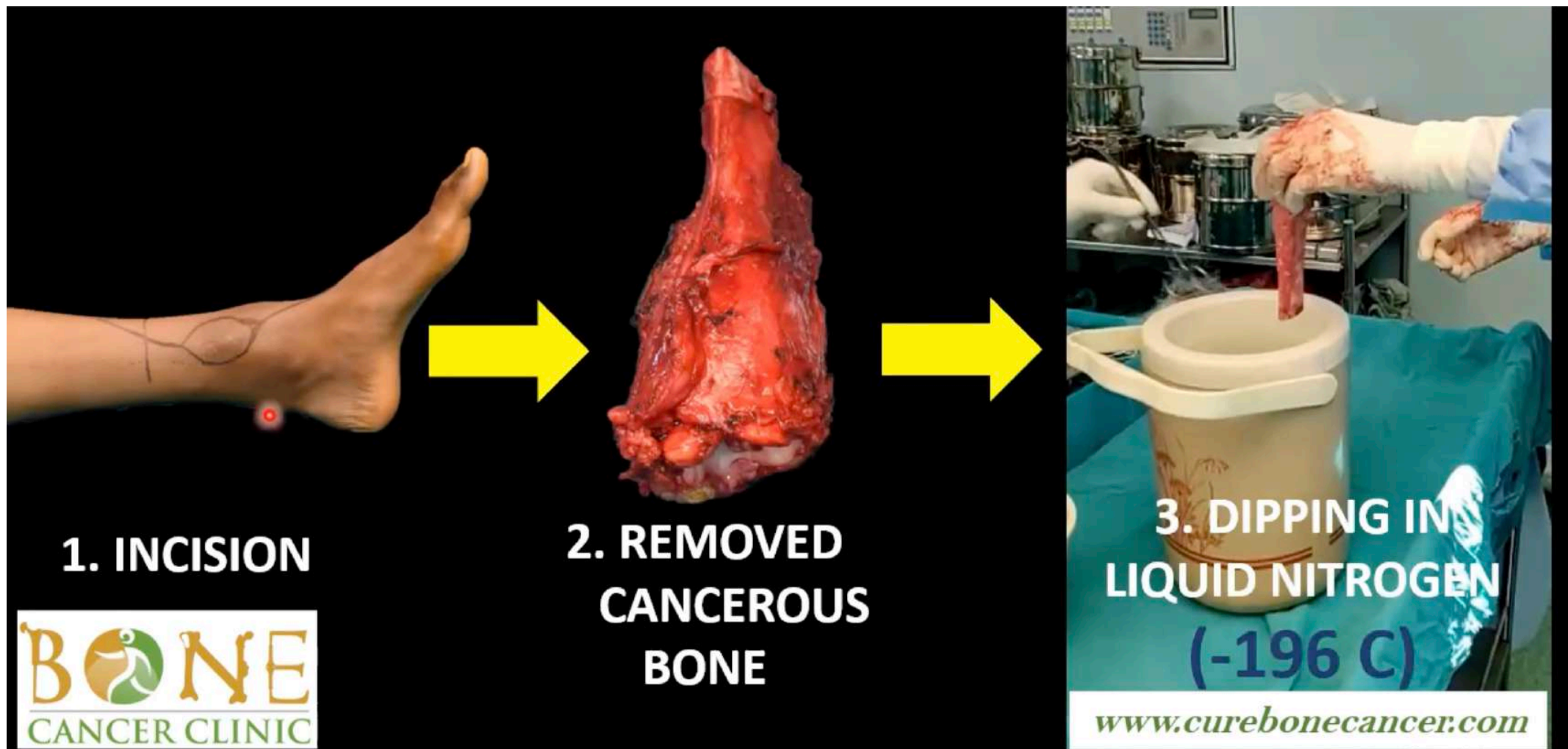


CRYOTHERAPY
TECHNIQUE

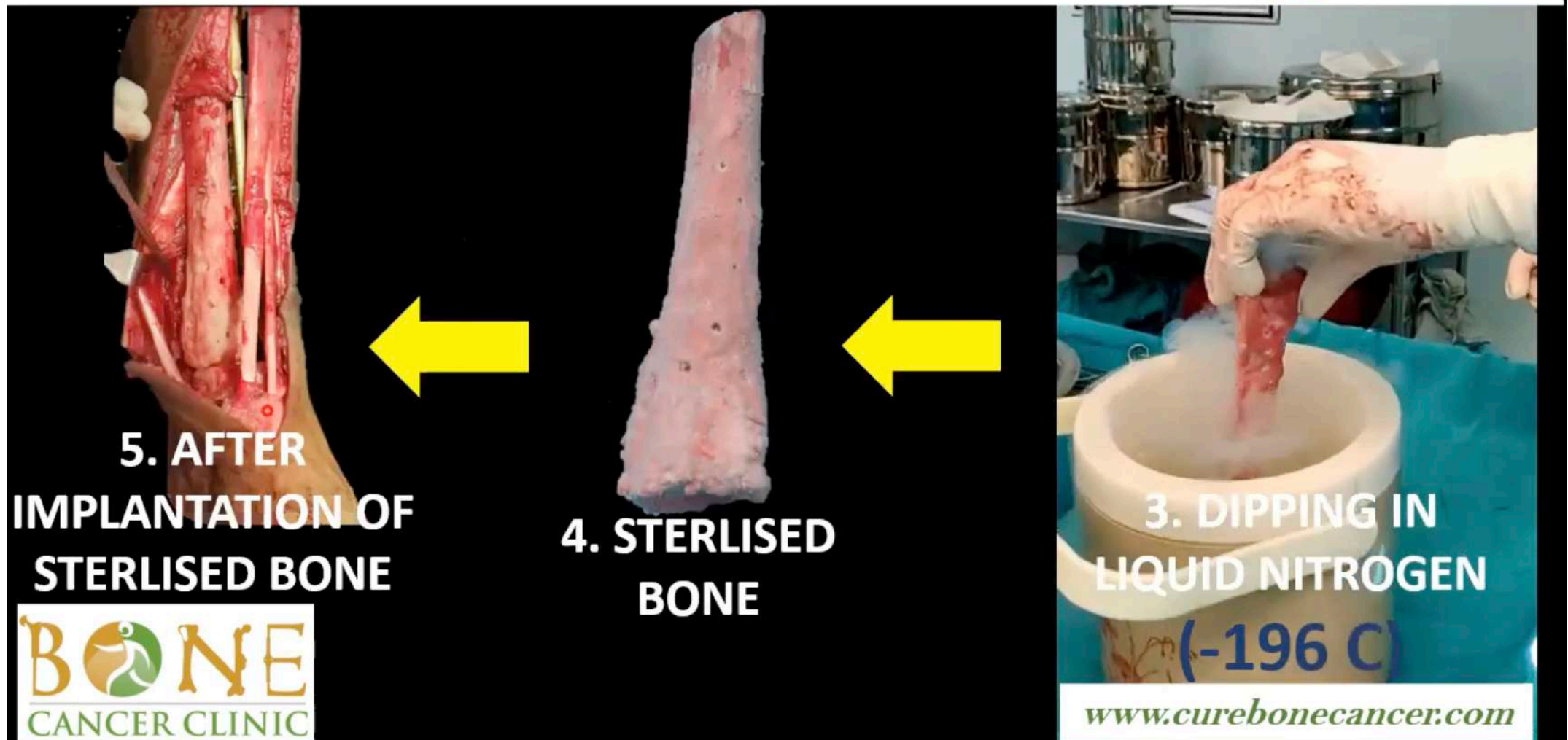


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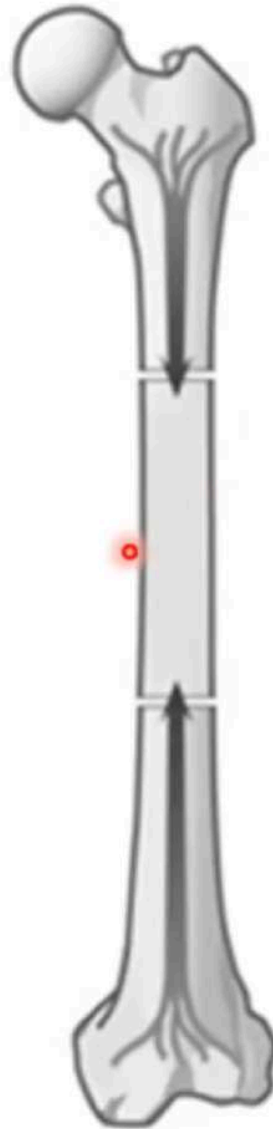
BONE
CANCER CLINIC



CRYOTHERAPY TECHNIQUE



BONE
CANCER CLINIC



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J Orthop Sci (2010) 15:340–349
DOI 10.1007/s00776-010-1458-0

JOURNAL OF
ORTHOPAEDIC SCIENCE

Original article

Pedicle frozen autograft reconstruction in malignant bone tumors

HIROYUKI TSUCHIYA¹, HIDEJI NISHIDA¹, PHUTSAPONG SRISAWAT², TOSHIHARU SHIRAI¹, KATSUHIRO HAYASHI¹,
AKIHIKO TAKEUCHI¹, NORIO YAMAMOTO³, and KATSURO TOMITA¹



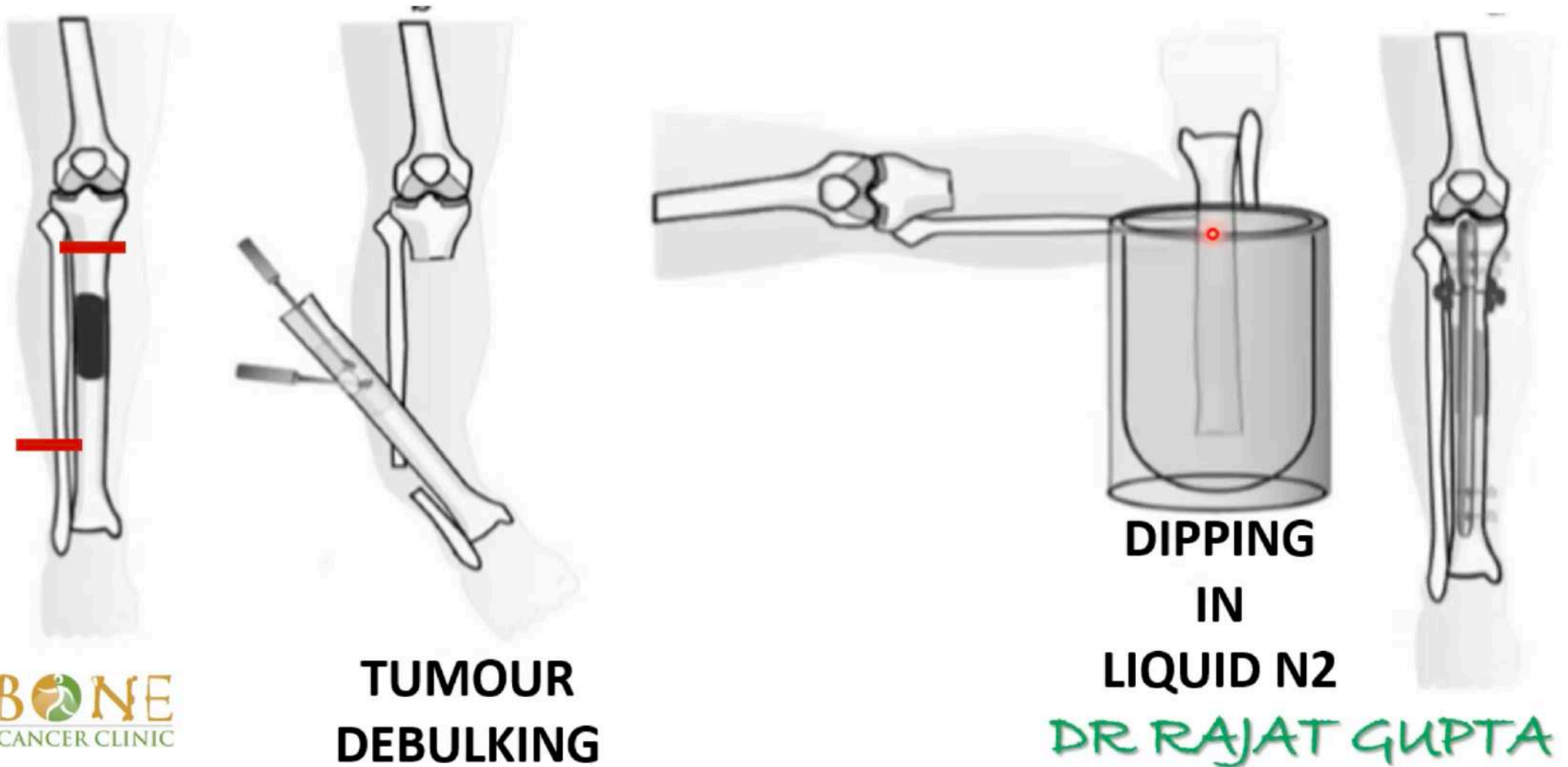
J Orthop Sci (2014) 19:156–163
DOI 10.1007/s00776-013-0487-x

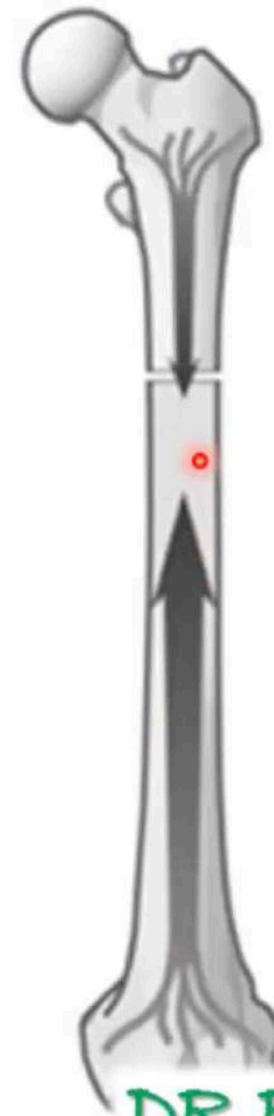
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Pedicle versus free frozen autograft for reconstruction in malignant bone and soft tissue tumors of the lower extremities

Shingo Shimozaki · Norio Yamamoto · Toshiharu Shirai · Hideji Nishida ·
Katsuhiro Hayashi · Yoshikazu Tanzawa · Hiroaki Kimura · Akihiko Takeuchi ·
Kentaro Igarashi · Hiroyuki Inatani · Takashi Kato · Hiroyuki Tsuchiya

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY





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PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



Proximal Osteotomy
(Oblique cut in both planes)

SURGICAL PLAN

**Proposed site of
Dipping into Liquid N₂**



DR RAJAT GUPTA



: 1667 [D]
1.8mm

I

Tf
13-0

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY

**AFTER TUMOUR
HAS BEEN FREED**

**OSTEOTOMISED
FIBULA**

BONE
CANCER CLINIC

FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

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PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY

TUMOUR
ISOLATED

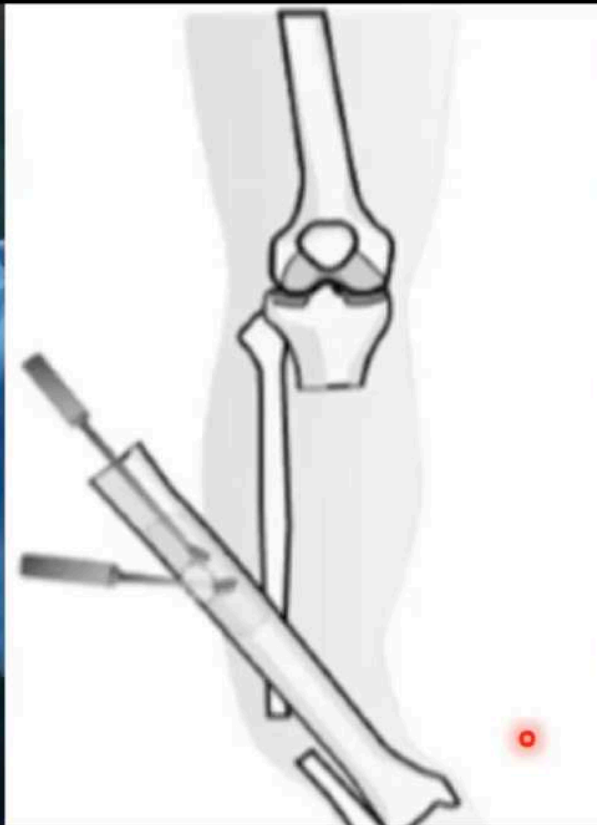


BONE
CANCER CLINIC



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PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



TUMOUR BEING DEBULKED



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PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



POURING
LIQUID N₂

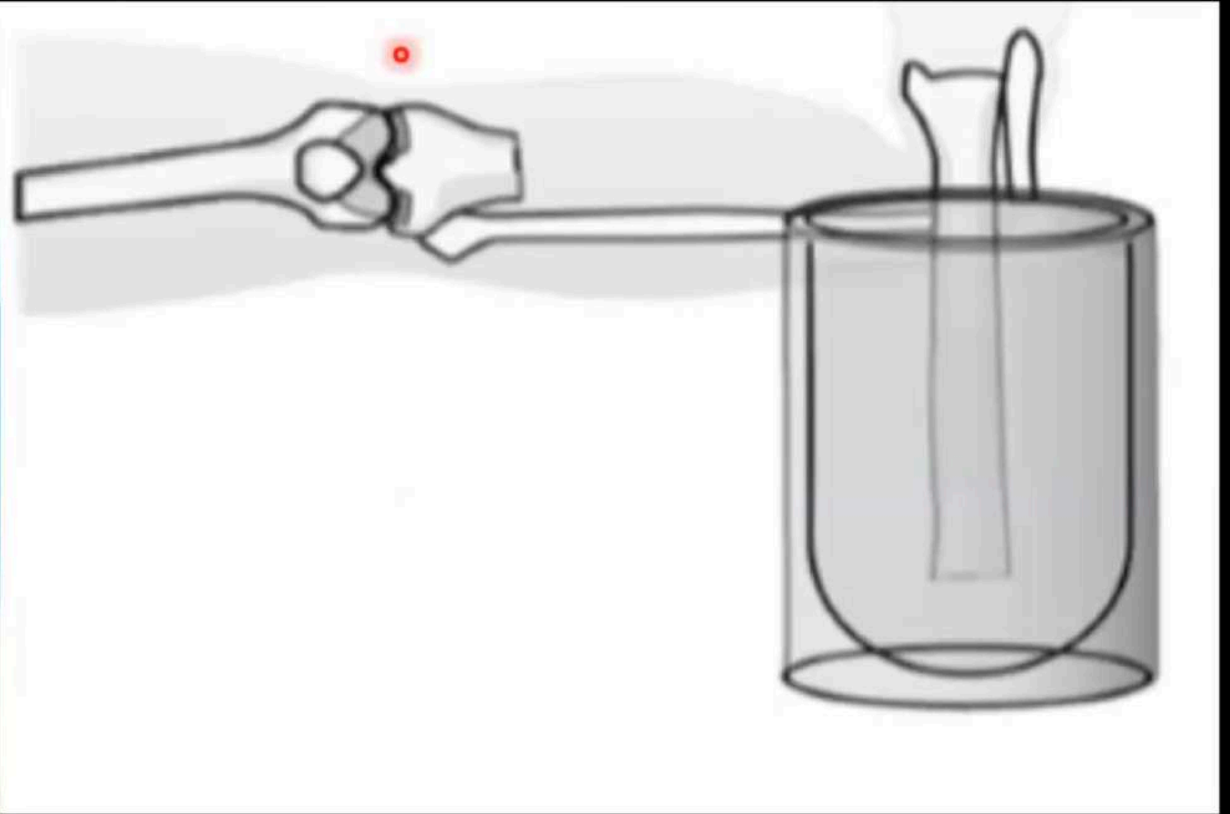
-192°C



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

DIPPING IN LIQUID N2 (-192 C)

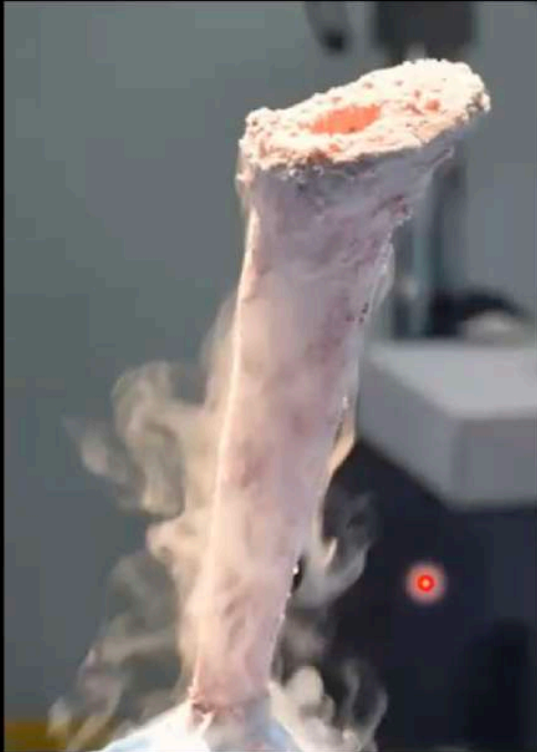
PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



EXCLUSIVE
ORTHOPAEDIC
ONCOLOGY
CLINIC

REMOVING FROM LIQUID N2

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



**THAWING AT
ROOM TEMPERATURE**



**ICE CRYSTALS
AFTER THAWING**

REMOVING FROM LIQUID N2

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



WASHING WITH VANCOMYCIN SALINE



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PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY

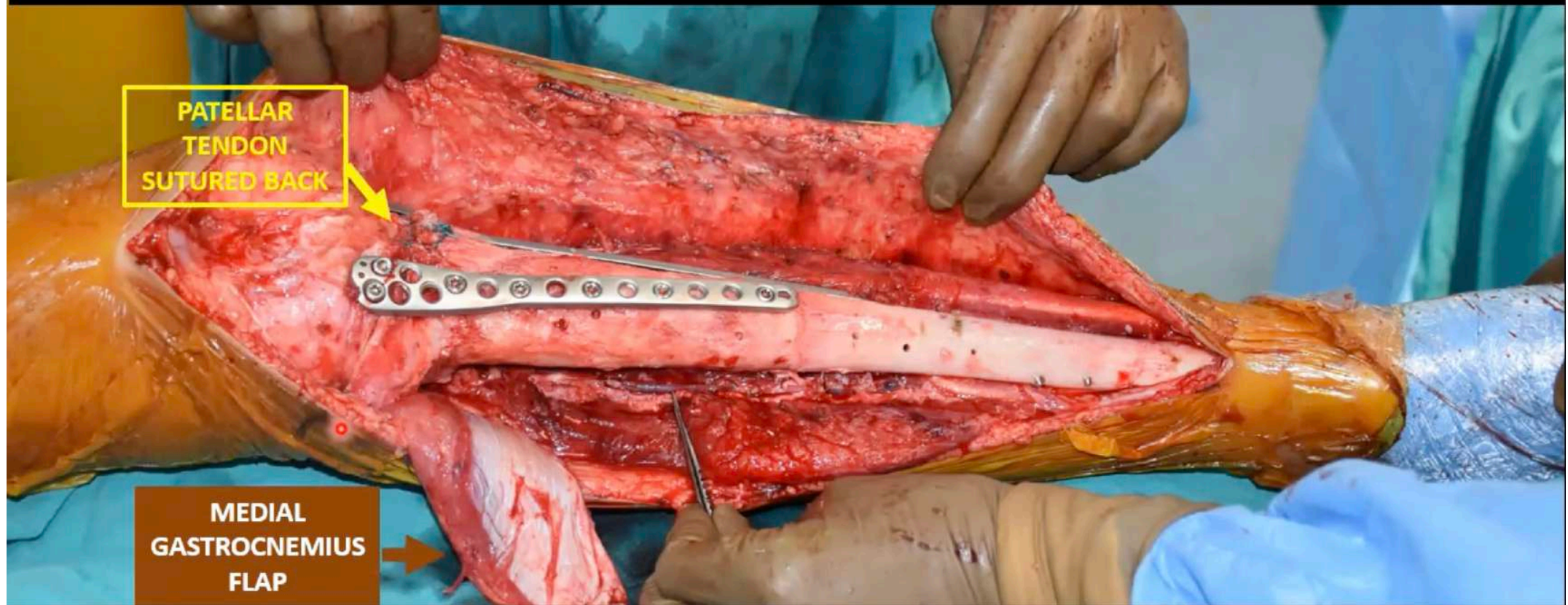


WASHING WITH VANCOMYCIN SALINE



DR RAJAT GUPTA

PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



FINAL CONSTRUCT



DR RAJAT GUPTA

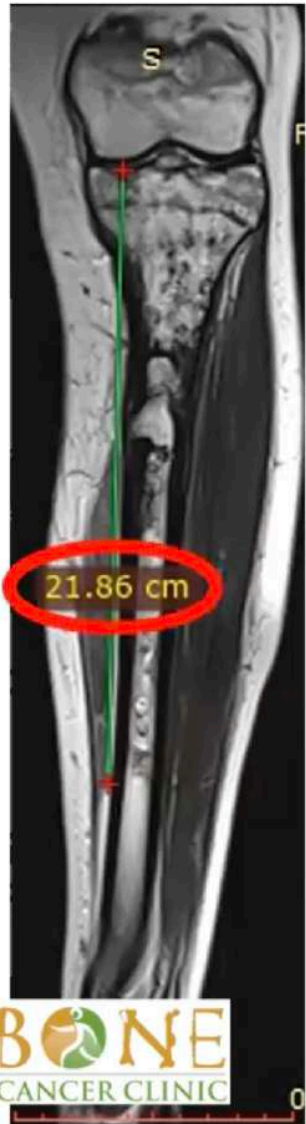
PEDICLED CRYOTHERAPY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

6 MONTH POST OP

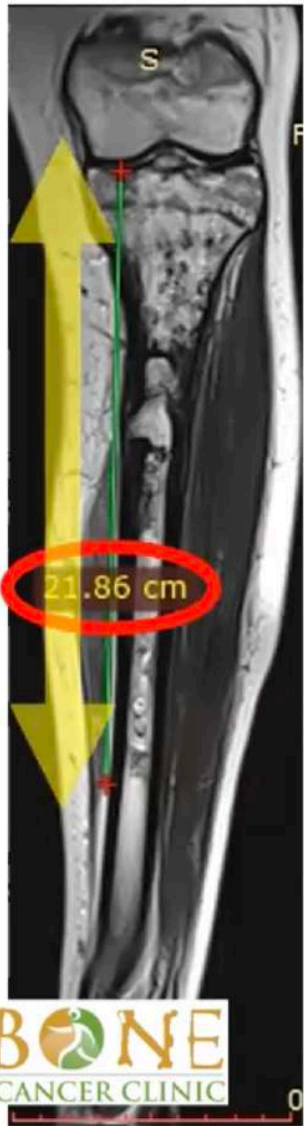
DR RAJAT GUPTA



LIMB SALVAGE SURGERY



DR RAJAT GUPTA



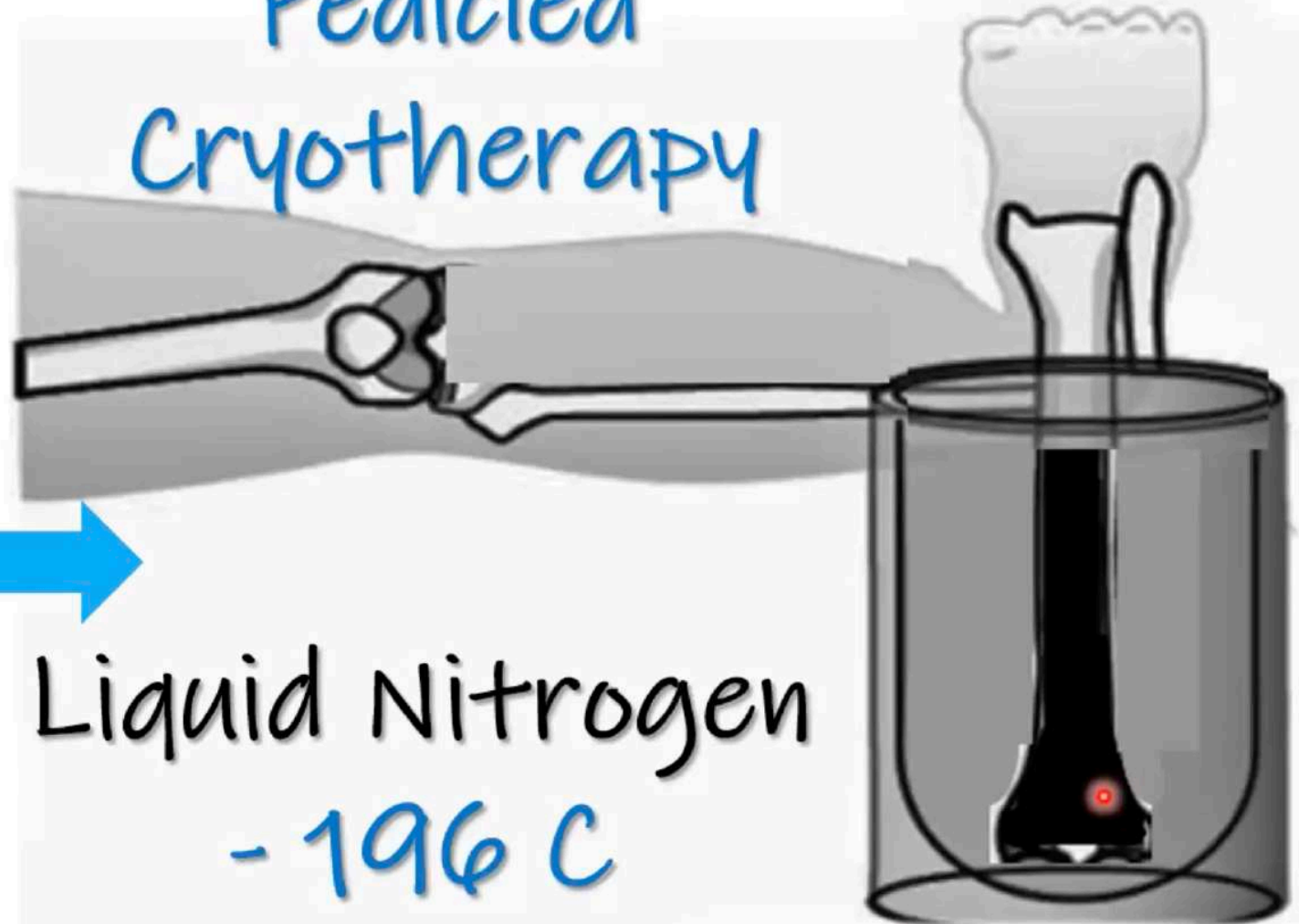
Preserve
natural
bone



DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy

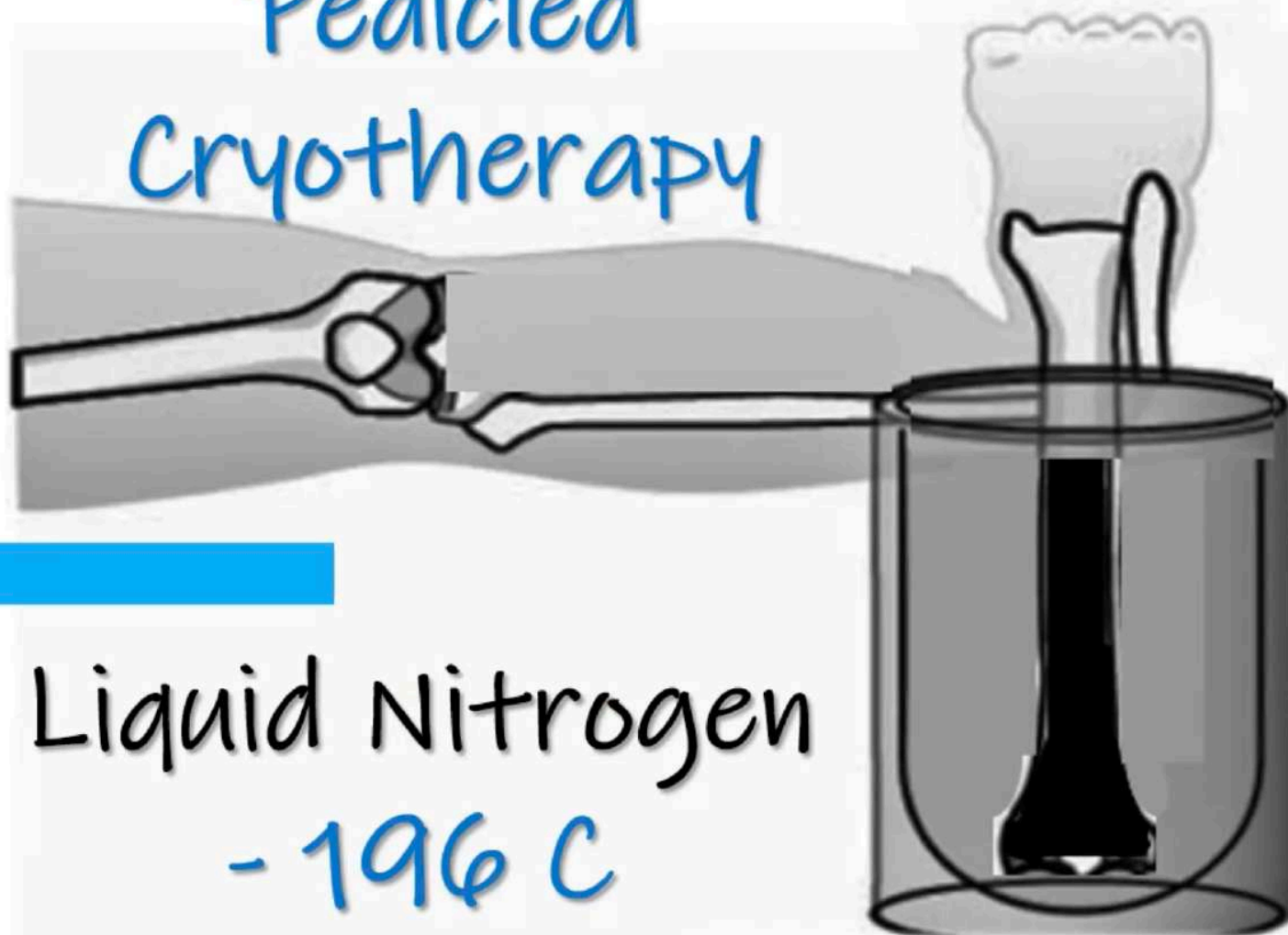
Liquid Nitrogen
- 196 C



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pediced Cryotherapy



Liquid Nitrogen
- 196 C

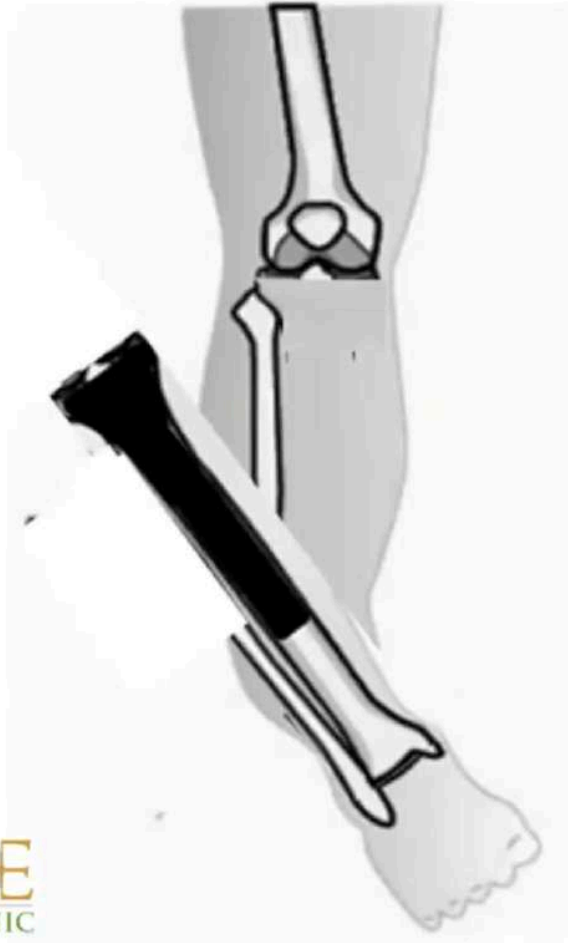
DR RAJAT GUPTA

BONE
CANCER CLINIC

TARGET
ORTHO

(C) www.targetortho.com

Pedicle Cryotherapy



BONE
CANCER CLINIC



DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy



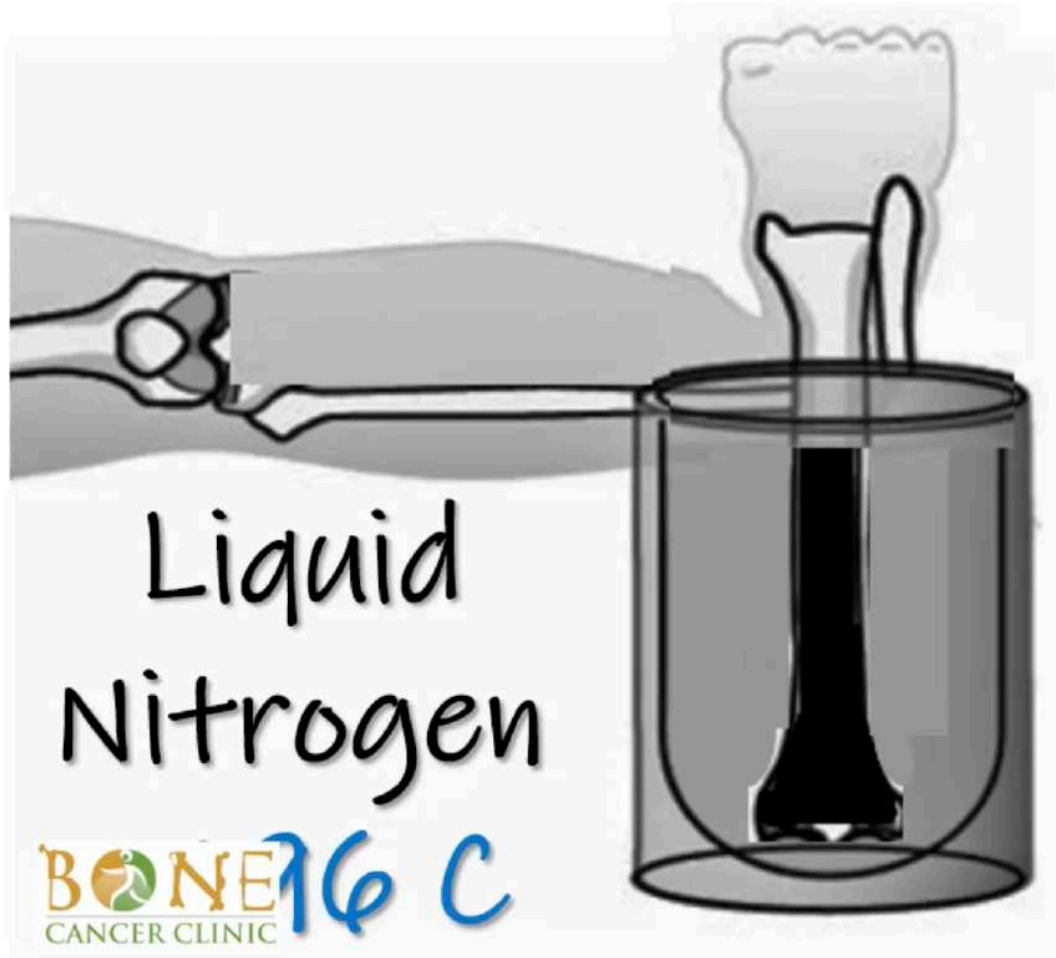
DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy



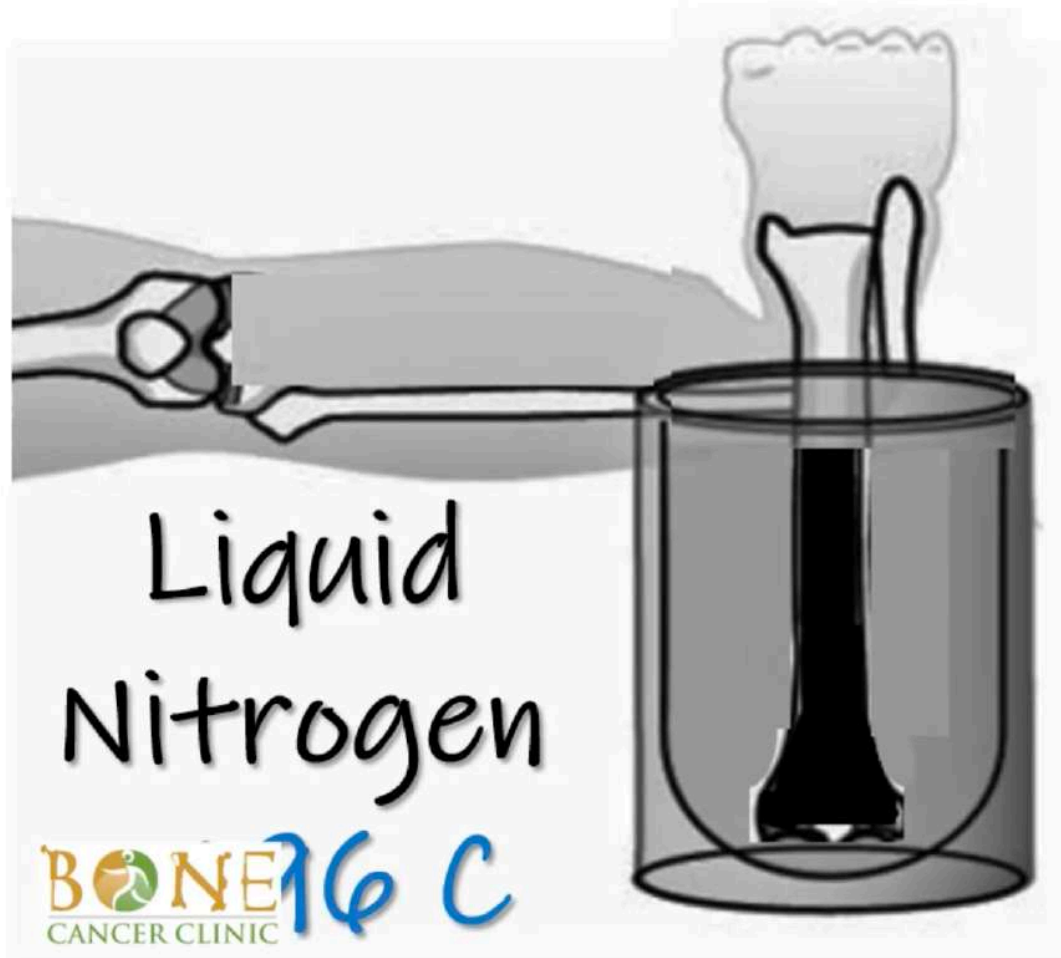
DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy



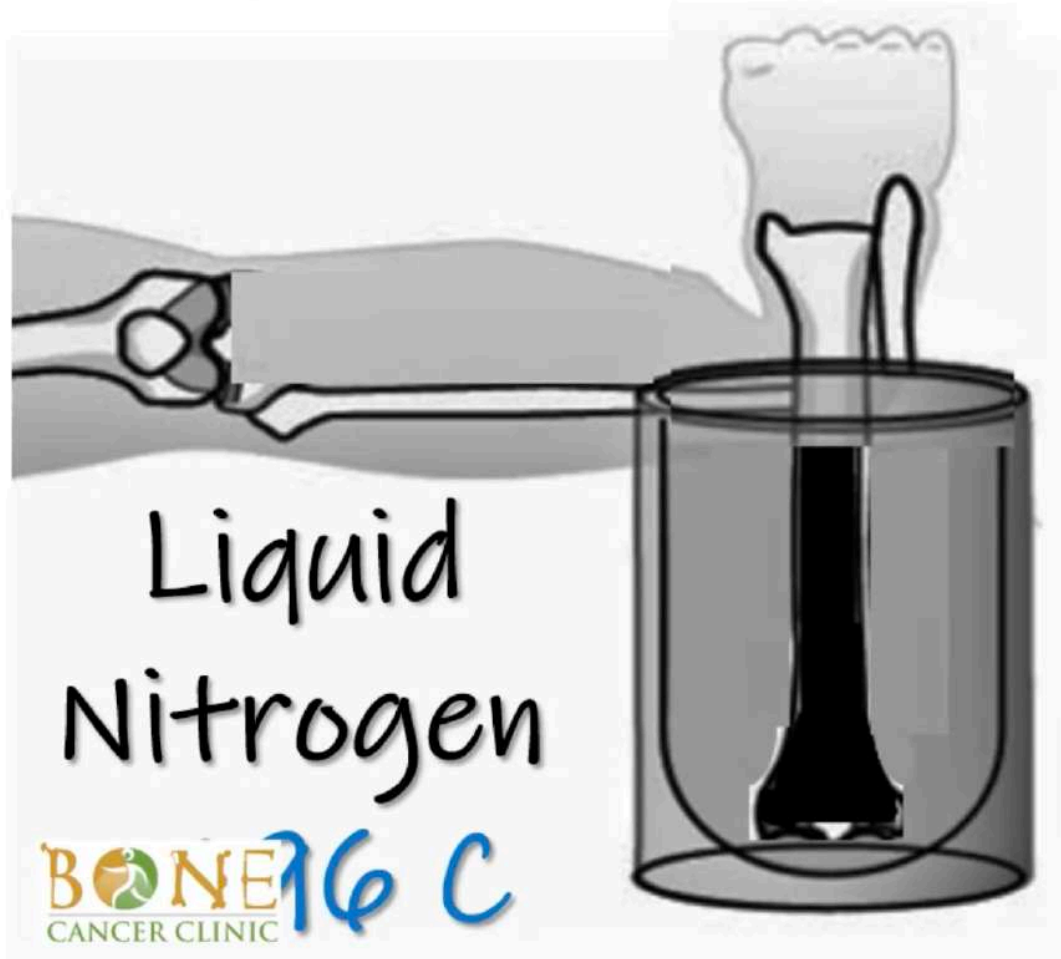
DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy



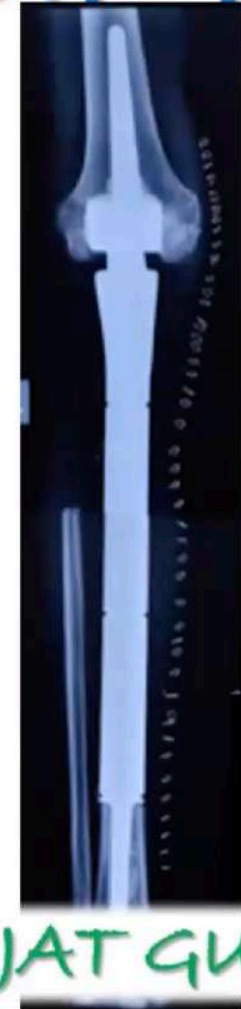
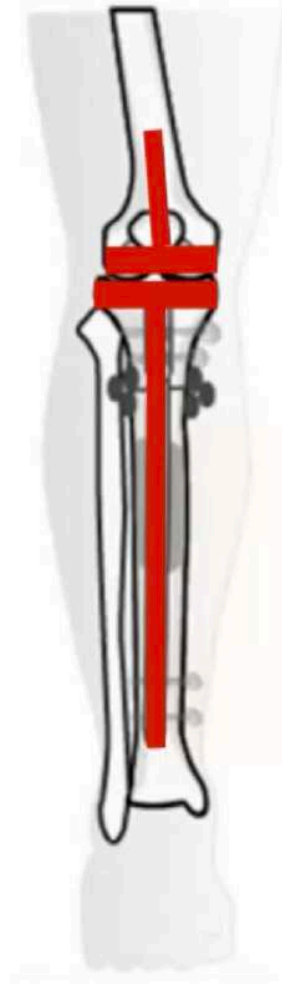
DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy



DR RAJAT GUPTA

Pedicle Cryotherapy

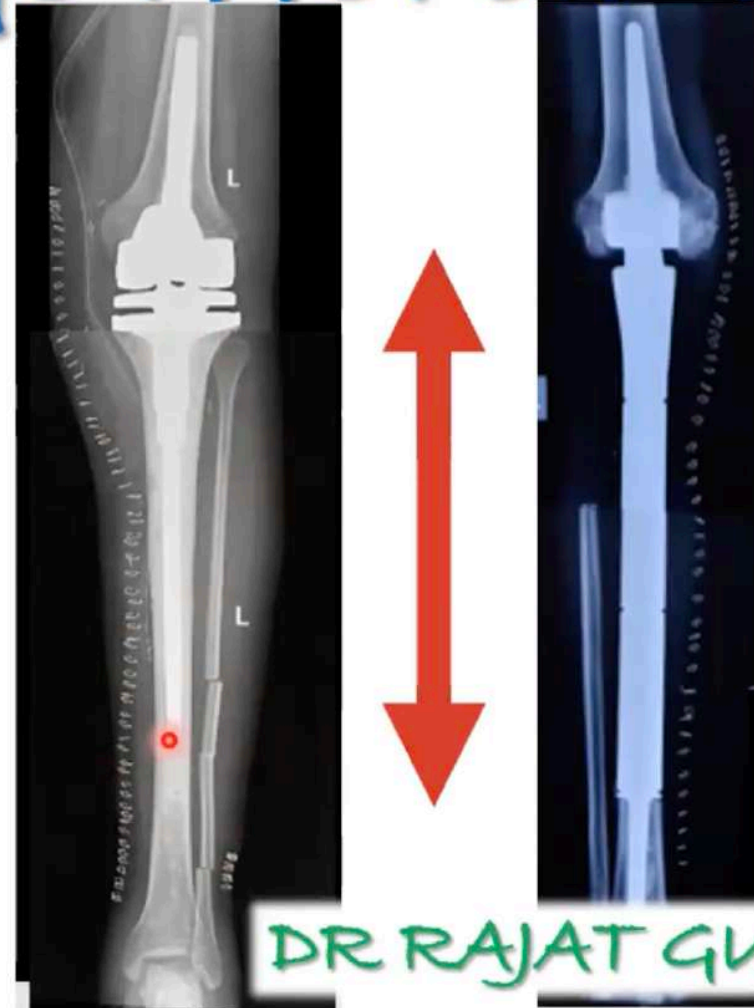


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Pedicle Cryotherapy

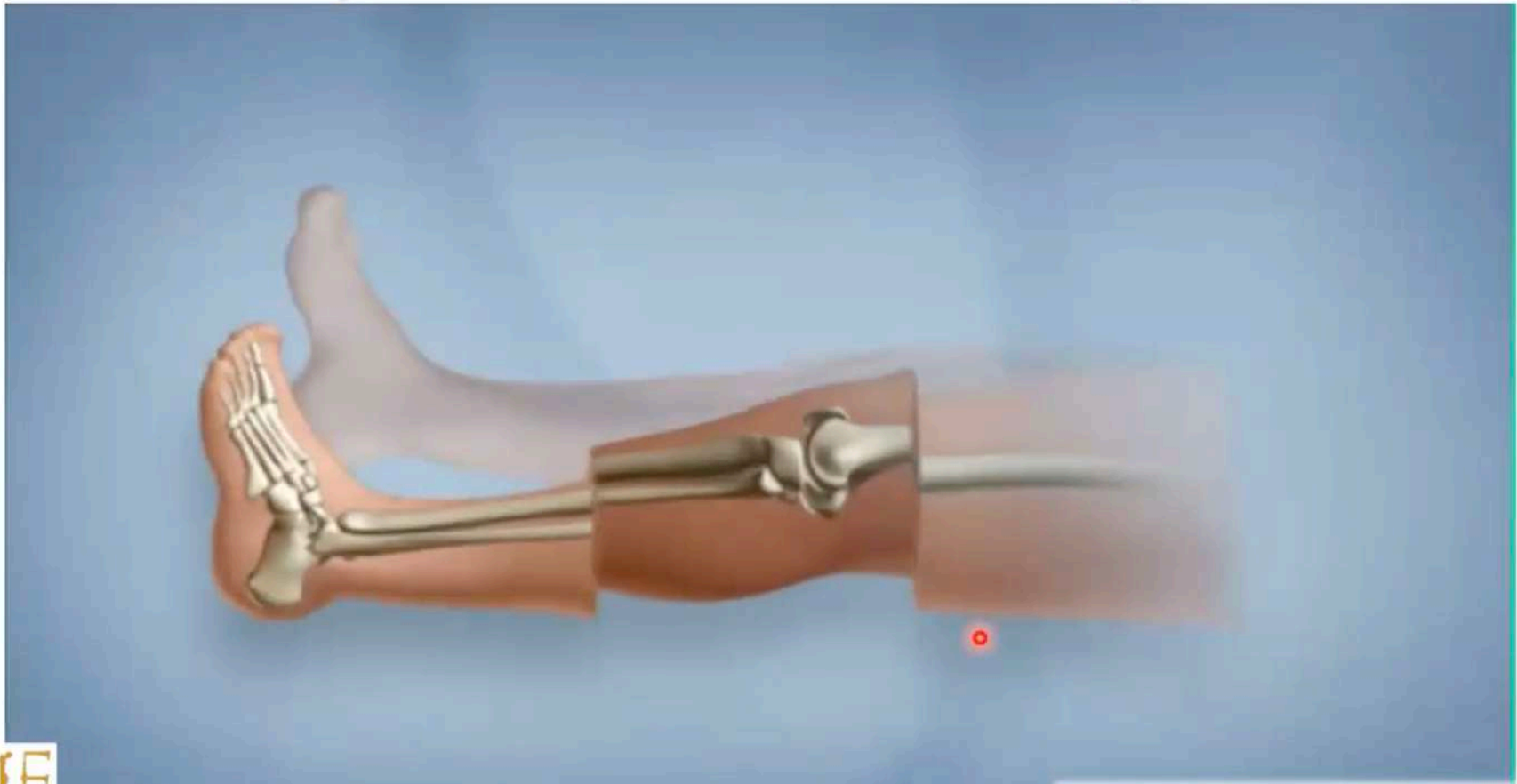


BONE
CANCER CLINIC



DR RAJAT GUPTA

ROTATIONPLASTY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

ROTATIONPLASTY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

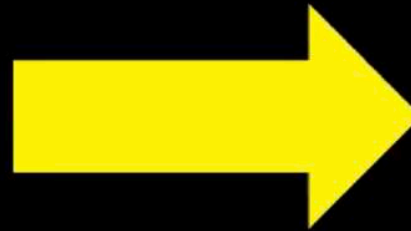
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NON METASTATIC OSTEOSARCOMA PROXIMAL TIBIA



PRE CHEMOTHERAPY

AFTER 2 CYCLE
CHEMOTHERAPY



(HIGH DOSE
METHOTREXATE
BASED MAP
PROTOCOL)



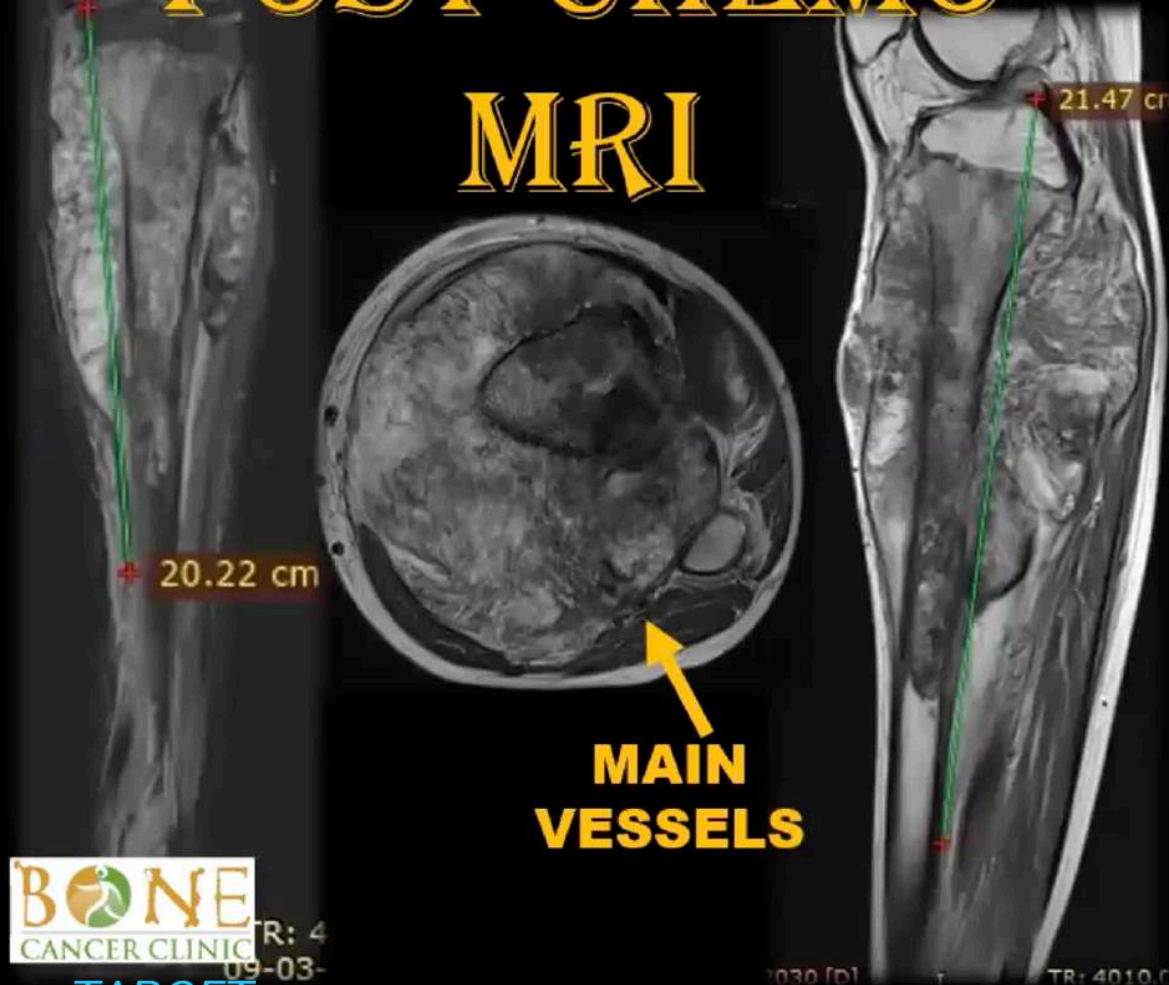
POST CHEMOTHERAPY

DR RAJAT GUPTA



POST CHEMO

MRI



Surgical options given

1. Rotationplasty
2. Expandable megaprosthesis
3. Amputation

DR RAJAT GUPTA

INCISION

VIEW FROM LATERAL SIDE



VIEW FROM MEDIAL SIDE



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AFTER TUMOUR RESECTION

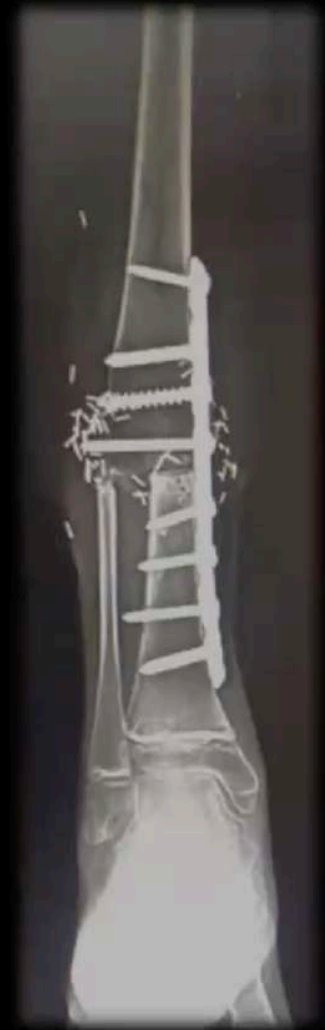


STARTED ON
ADJUVANT
HIGH DOSE MTX
BASED
CHEMOTHERAPY

DR RAJAT GUPTA

BONE
CANCER CLINIC

ROTATIONPLASTY



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

ROTATIONPLASTY

- Functional knee joint
- Longer lever arm for prosthesis
- Better tolerance of socket load
- Functional and psychological advantages over amputees
- Function and strength improves with time

IS ROTATIONPLASTY OR EXPANDABLE PROSTHESIS THE ONLY OPTIONS AVAILABLE FOR KIDS WITH SARCOMA?

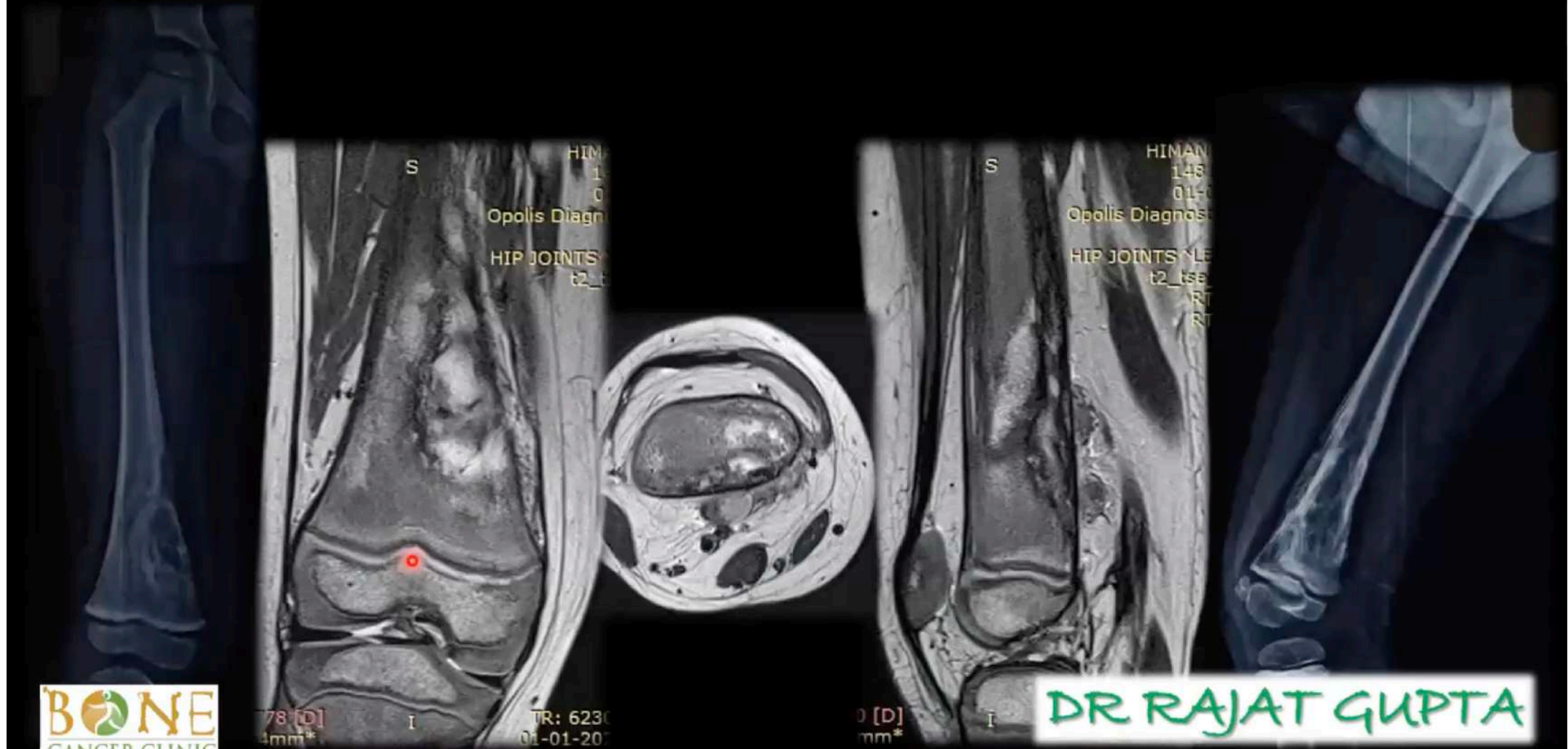
5Y/F EWING'S SARCOMA DISTAL FEMUR



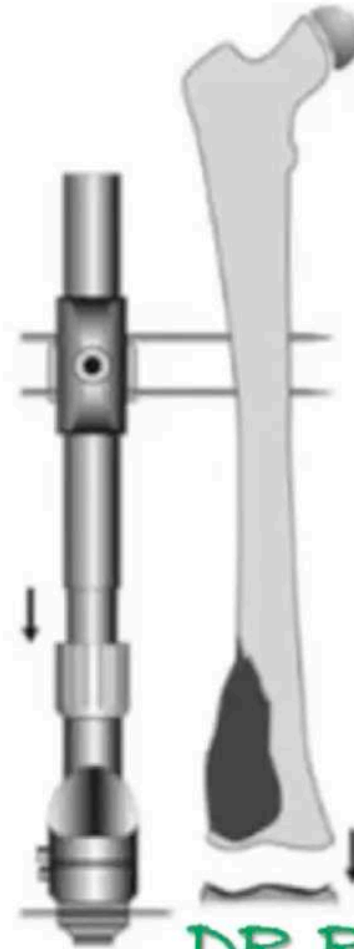
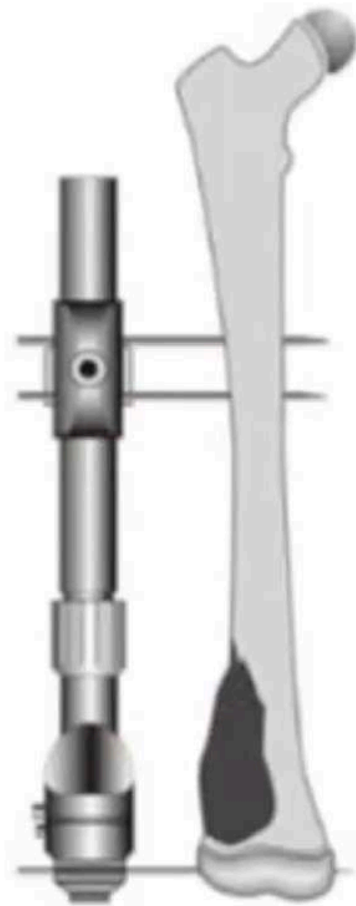
BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

POST NEO ADJUVANT CHEMOTHERAPY

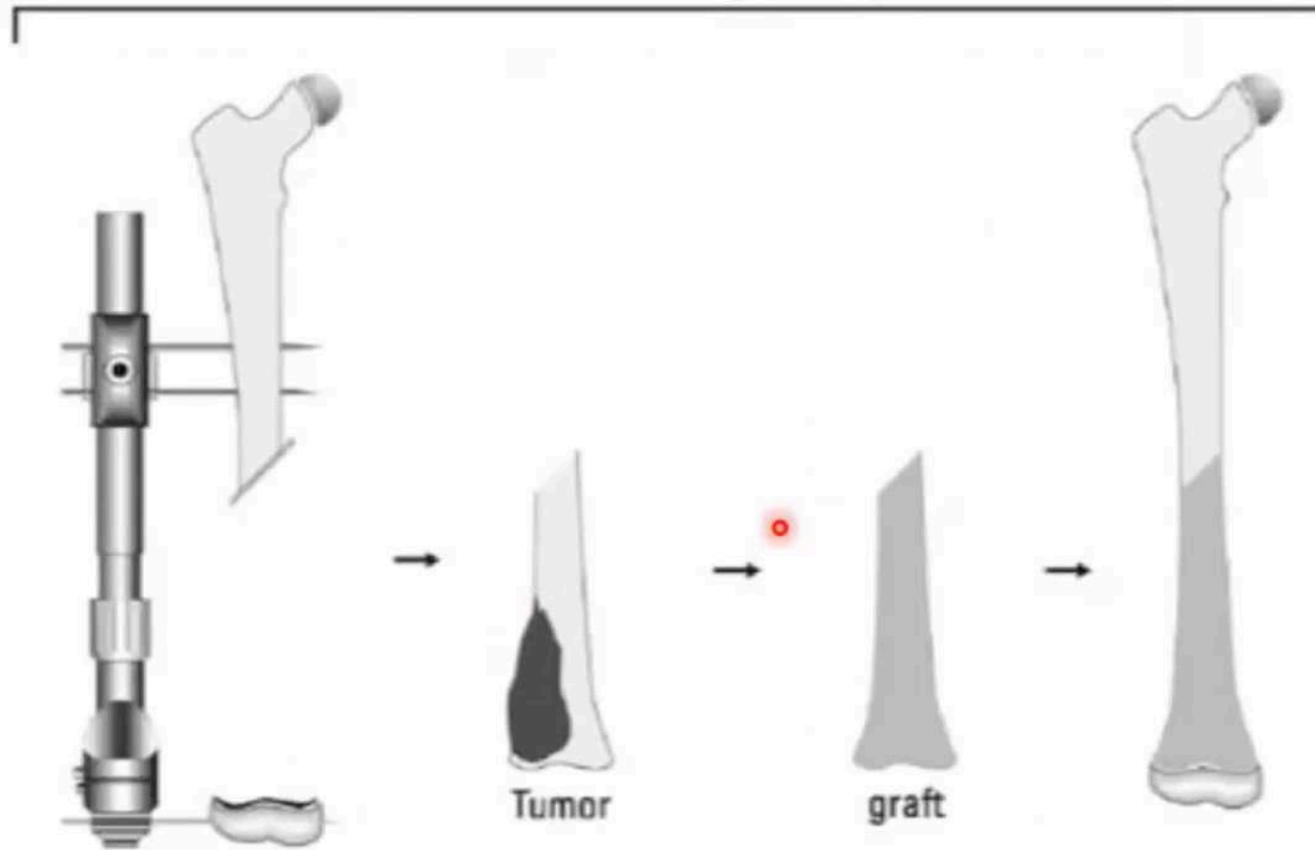


First surgical step 10-15 days



DR RAJAT GUPTA

Second surgical step



- Retained epiphysis together with most of the growth plate

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STEP 1 (PHYSEAL DISTRACTION)



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DAY 1



DAY 5

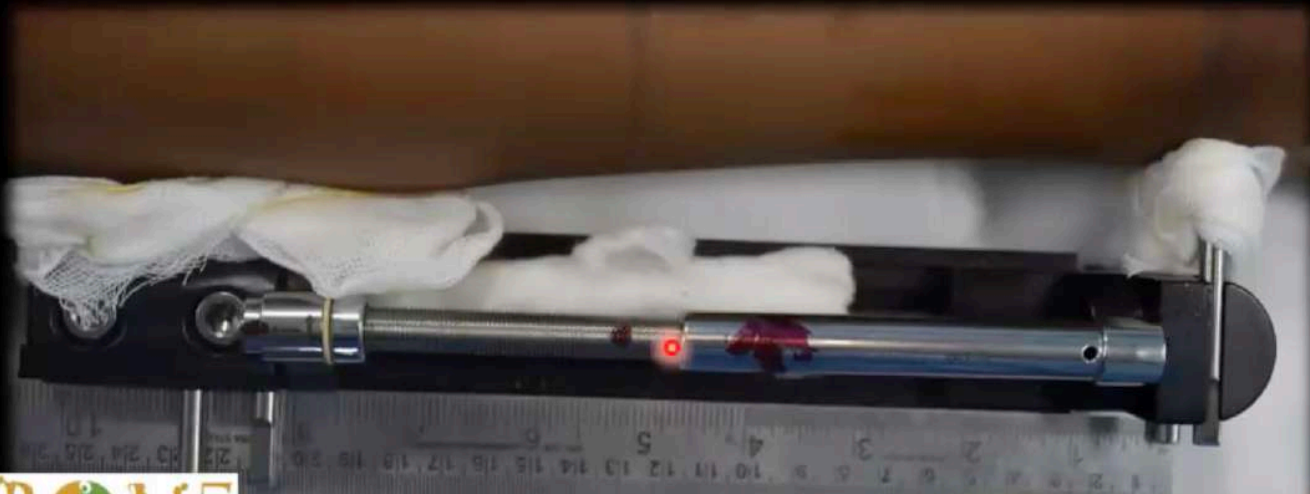


DAY 9

DR RAJAT GUPTA



DAY 1

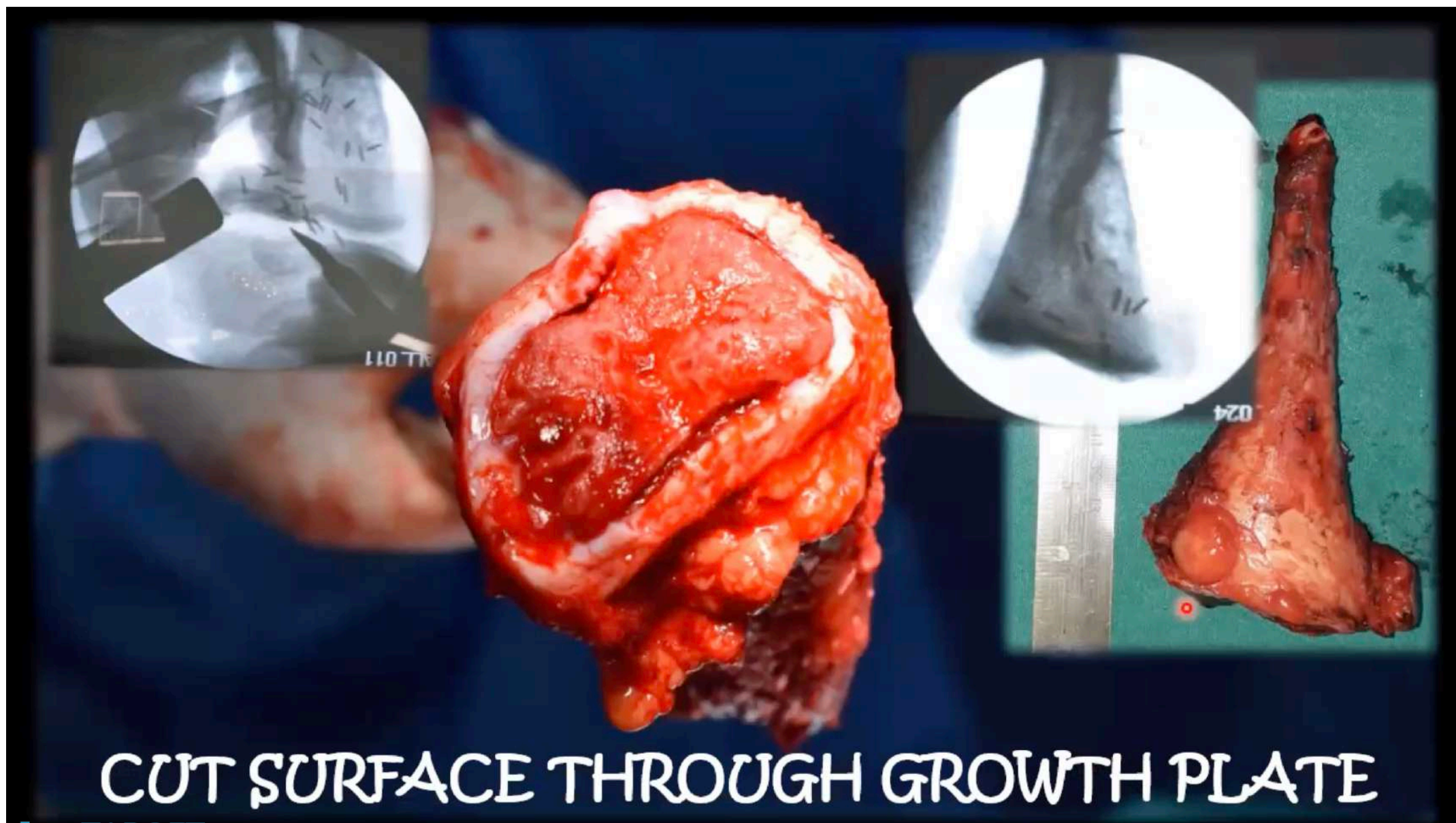


DAY 9



DR RAJAT GUPTA

BONE
CANCER CLINIC



CUT SURFACE THROUGH GROWTH PLATE

SPECIMEN PACKED & SENT FOR ECRT



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

POST OP



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

R

DR RAJAT GUPTA

POST OP

3 MONTHS

6 MONTHS

7 MONTHS



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA

EQUAL
FEMUR
LENGTHS
AT
6 MONTHS
POST OP



**CANADELL'S
PROCEDURE**



DR RAJAT GUPTA



NAIL CEMENT SPACER



BONE
CANCER CLINIC

DR RAJAT GUPTA